

Presented by





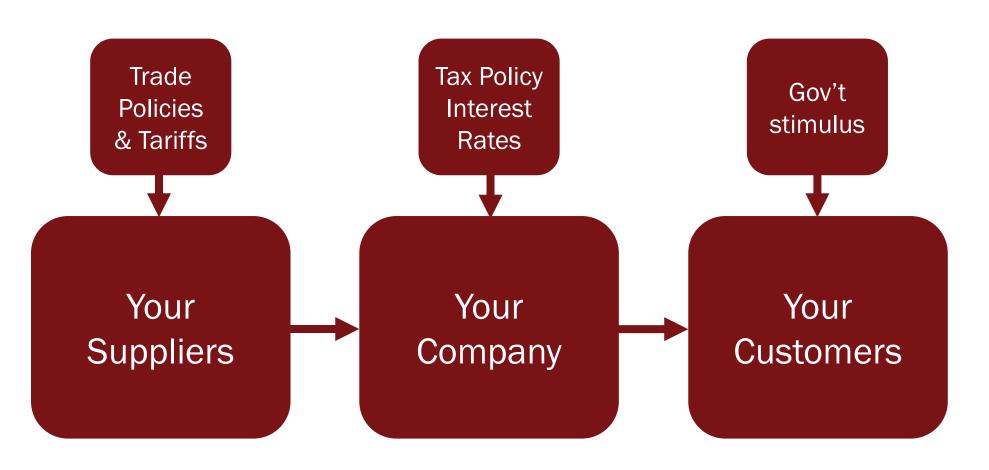
- Understanding Your Business Environment
- The Business Cycle
- Fundamentals of Risk Management
- Risk Factors that Always Matter
- Factors Unresolved Prior to the Pandemic
- New and Renewed Sources of Business Risk
- Q&A



# Uncontrollable! Unavoidable! But Plannable!



- Your competition/marketplace
- Your industry
- The economy (global/national/local)
- Government policies (federal/state/local)
- Access to finance (costs as well)
- Labor availability and costs
- National resources (energy, etc.)
- Supply chain disruptions
- Technological innovation
- Structural changes



Some common factors but...

All face a unique set of key drivers/forces.

Here's a simple illustration!

Framework?
Look along your supply-chain and identify risk factors/forces

- Your commercial customers compete inside an industry bubble
- Industry bubble expands & contracts over business cycles
- Your customers must learn to survive, grow, and prosper over many business cycles as industry bubble bounces up and down, inflates and deflates with these cycles
- The same holds for if your customers are consumers as cycles determine employment and personal incomes
- Let's look at 4 phases of a business cycle





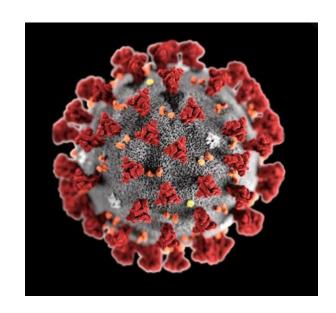








- Was this interrupted by COVID-19?
- Or did the virus trigger the end of the cycle?
- Perhaps it's just delayed the ending.



- Understanding the sequencing of risk management.
- Domino effect of latent risks, tobacco plant example.





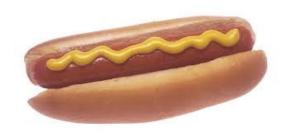
Understand the attributes of discretionary vs. nondiscretionary spending **Discretionary goods/services are more vulnerable in times of stress!** 







Used vs. New Autos





Food purchases/production





Restaurants





Highly Discretionary:
Travel/Tourism can be boom/bust





Public vs. Private Education





Segmentation even exists in healthcare industries





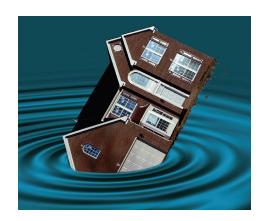


Nondurable goods industries are less vulnerable to recessions...





than durable goods producers!



Tip? Pay attention...
Segmentation/Granularity

Even during times of economic stress people still want to have fun!

They are just more selective <u>depending on relative costs</u> ...



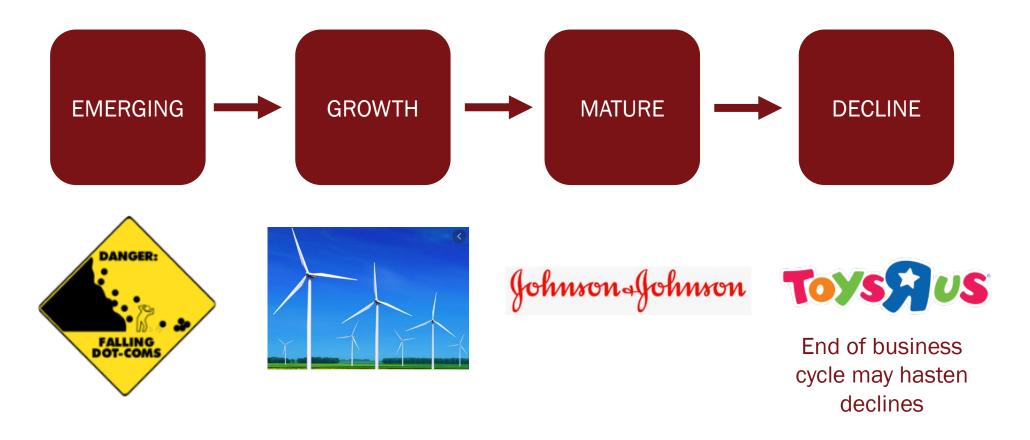




#### **Four stages**

Particularly relevant for those of you that provide business/tech services to small- medium-sized firms.

Must distinguish between biz cycle and industry life cycle!



#### What defines a volatile industry? Not referring to economic uncertainty...

- Industries that are highly correlated with economic cycles, but their variations are amplified. (CAPEX dependent industries)
- Industries that esoteric and highly variable regardless of the phase of an economic cycle. (Commodity-based industries)

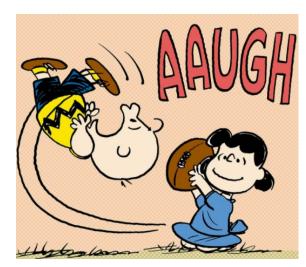
#### Highly volatile?

- Commodity-based like agriculture, mining and energy.
- Construction
- Finance/insurance
- <u>CAPEX dependent</u>

## Cycle correlated, not "volatile"?

- Manufacturing
- Transportation

#### Why is this so important?



#### Highly volatile on the consumer goods side?

- Discretionary spending
- Durables
- Goods in general more volatile than services

All can be verified using official data

#### **Debt at Record Levels**

- Government
- Household
- Corporate

#### **Labor Shortages**

- Skilled trade workers
- Science, engineering, math and technology (STEM workers)

#### **Trade Tensions**

- Not just trade in goods, services as well!
- It's really about the "technology war"!

#### **Retail Apocalypse**

- The big boys (anchor stores)
- The small players
- The mall owners

#### The Global Economy

- Much weaker than prior to the Great Recession
- Populist sentiments on the rise
- Feeds into trade tensions

COVID-19 didn't inoculate us from these forces! They are alive and well ...

#### **Debt Levels Pre-COVID?**

- Government: \$27 trillion
   \$85,000 per person
   Was \$13 trillion in 2010
   State/local gov't adds \$2 trillion to the total
- Household: \$15 trillion
   Was about \$3 trillion in 2010
   \$5.5 trillion unsecured
   The bulk of unsecured in autos/education (<u>subprime</u>)
- Corporate: \$14 trillion?
   Leveraged lending by the big players.
   Stock buy-backs.
   Cheap credit for the little guys

BTW, this is more about credit quality than quantity. Credit quality eroding prior to COVID-19.

- Are your consumers subprime?
- Are your suppliers living on the edge dependent on cheap financing and easy access to credit?
- More on this later when we address interest rates...

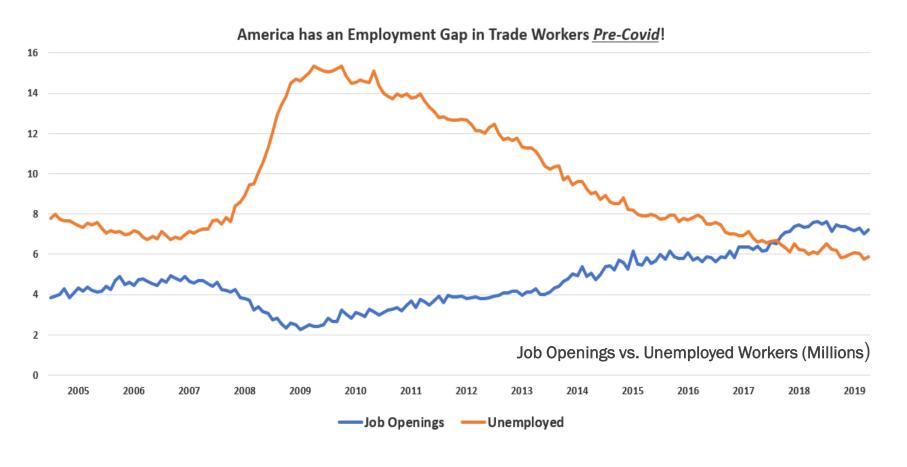
### Greater future tax burdens for you, your customers and suppliers. All in flux!

#### **Crowding-Out! Economics 101!**

- Healthcare initiatives by the government
- Education initiatives by the government
- Investment in America's infrastructure
- Crowding out of private CAPEX

Stimulus checks are a band aid.

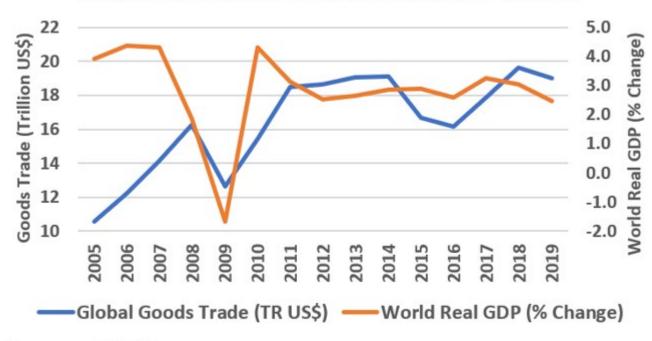
Infrastructure/CAPEX build a platform for future growth.



This could put upward pressure on wages, may slow an economic recovery, disrupt supply chains

1.4 million: Mostly in construction and transportation. <u>A serious bottleneck!</u> Shortages in STEM and healthcare as well. Immigration policies have made matters worse...



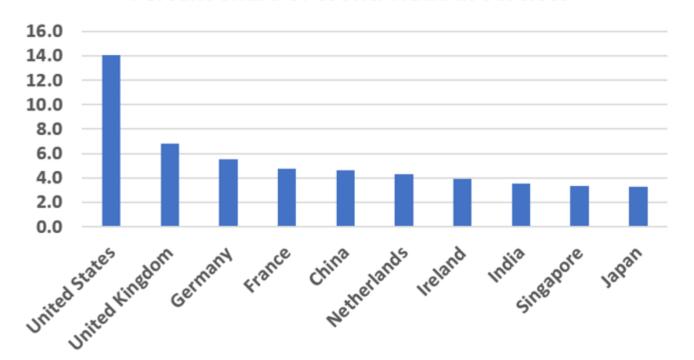


- Note the strong relationship between world GDP and global trade
- Growing populist sentiments and a weak world economy could amplify this force

Source: WTO

What are your direct and indirect exposures to trade? Think of your supply-chain.

### America Leads in Service Trade: Did You Know That? Percent Share of World Trade in Services

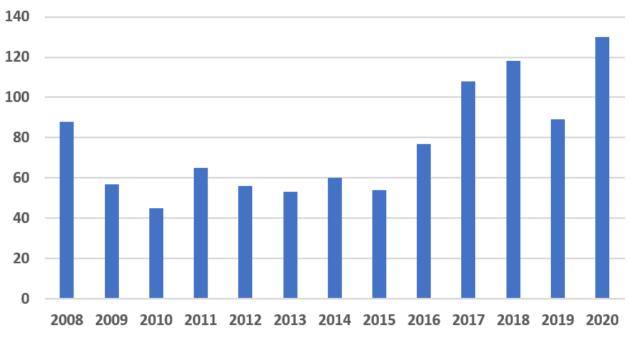


- Services have a higher value-add than goods trade
- Many areas involve technology (i.e., royalties)
- Countries "stealing" US technology has been an issue for decades and will continue to be so
- Perhaps more critical that goods deficits

Source: WTO

Are you, your customers, or your suppliers dependent on service trade or vulnerable to the "technology war"???

#### **Retail Closures by Square Footage (Millions)**





- Many casualties of E-commerce
- Anchor stores
- Small players
- Mall property owners/managers







# amazon.com.





- But... Retail industry is becoming more concentrated
- Less competitive?

 Integration of wholesale and retail trade? Structure change afoot?



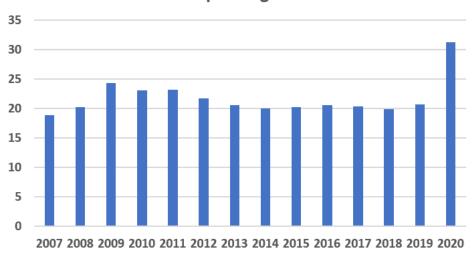




#### Conclude with a few additional key risk factors

- Selective Government Policies
   Fiscal/Monetary Mix
   Trade and Technology
   Energy and the Environment
   State/Local COVID-19 Restrictions
- Bottlenecks to Recovery
   Labor (already mentioned shortages)
   Supply-chain disruptions
   COVID-19: Herd Immunization?





- Gov't had expansionary fiscal policy
   before COVID (spending and tax policies)
- We've had easy monetary polices for two decades
- Not going to end soon!

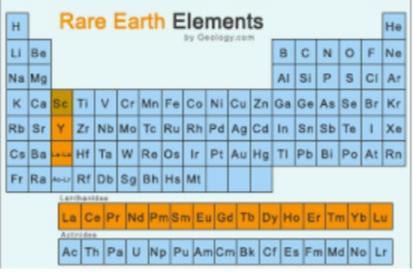


- Ramifications? Rising debt and crowding out as mentioned previously
- We have become addicted to zero interest rates! Watch out for industry segments that have thin margins and are dependent on cheap credit. A small uptick: devastating!
- Downside risk? Inflation...



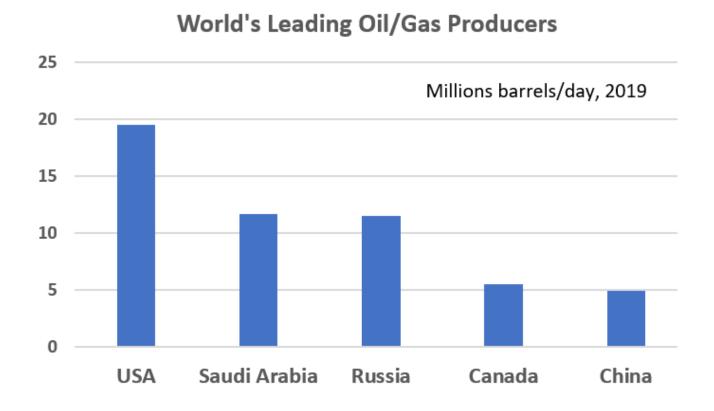
Although the rhetoric may soften under the new administration, the issues remain unchanged, particularly regarding China.





A rarely understood subject? Rare earths...

China supplies US with 80% – LEVERAGE!



US been on top for six years Net exporter of petroleum products

Kill the golden goose?

Great deal of *uncertainty* here although green energy incentives are likely.

Fracking? Carbon tax/offset policies? Keystone Pipeline? Etc.

Location by County	Industry NAICS Definition	Deviation in Employment from Long-Term Average
Atkinson County, GA	Truck transportation	-47%
Oglethorpe County, GA	Administrative & support services	-9%
Banks County, GA	Clothing & clothing accessories stores	-13%
Candler County, GA	Motor vehicle & parts dealers	-21%
Chattahoochee County, GA	Personal and laundry services	-29%
Fannin County, GA	Transportation equipment Manuf.	-32%
Miller County, GA	Repair & maintenance	-30%
Fulton County, GA	Specialty trade contractors	32%
Marion County, GA	Specialty trade contractors	-20%
Jenkins County, GA	Accommodation	-22%
Johnson County, GA	Gasoline stations	-35%
Lanier County, GA	Food & beverage stores	-5%
Lincoln County, GA	Food services & drinking places	-24%
Long County, GA	Food services & drinking places	-9%
Muscogee County, GA	Nonstore retailers	21%
Oconee County, GA	Professional, scientific, & tech services	8%

IBISWorld has this data

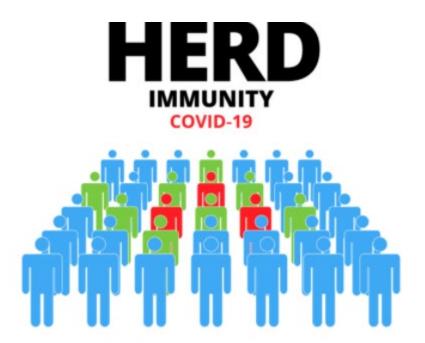
Social distancing and essential business polices can vary greatly not only state-bystate, but county-by-county. So can behavior!



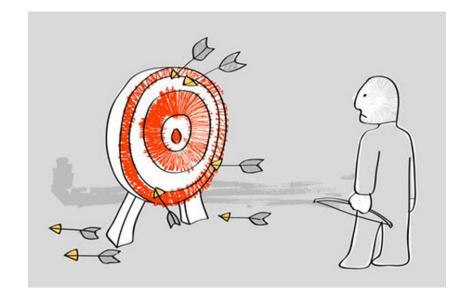
#### Many examples

- Food
- Common household items
- More recently a semiconductor chip shortage that has slammed auto industry (think of the Ford-150)

Not always easy to switch suppliers



- So far expert predictions have been off target.
- Mutant virus stains may be more infectious.
- Will vaccines be effective?
- White noise in the data...





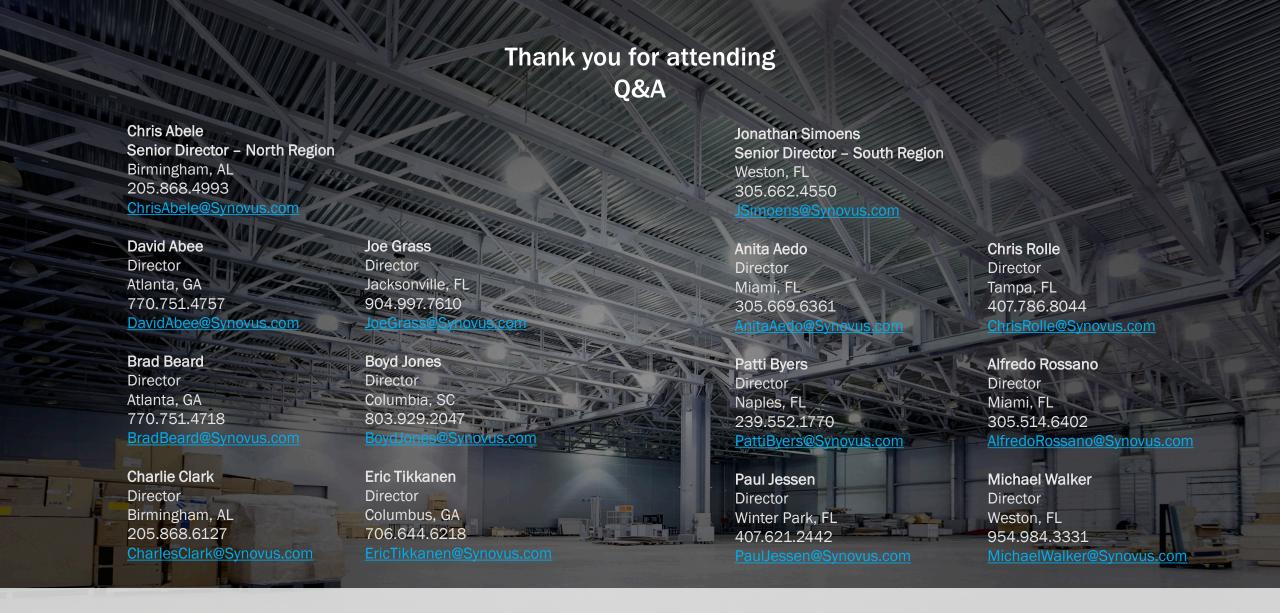
For Further Information: midmarket@ibisworld.com www.ibisworld.com

Visit IBISWorld's Industry Insider for Industry News & Insights <a href="https://www.ibisworld.com/industry-insider/">https://www.ibisworld.com/industry-insider/</a>

Subscribe to IBISWorld's Free Newsletter <a href="https://www.ibisworld.com/newsletter/">https://www.ibisworld.com/newsletter/</a>

For Rick Buczynski Papers <a href="https://www.ibisworld.com/blog/authors/dr-richard-buczynski/">https://www.ibisworld.com/blog/authors/dr-richard-buczynski/</a>

Dev Strischek's Email dev.strischek@devonrisk.com



and



