

Part 2A of Form ADV

Item 1. Cover Page

BROCHURE OF CROSSINGBRIDGE ADVISORS, LLC

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THIS BROCHURE (“BROCHURE”) PROVIDES INFORMATION ABOUT THE QUALIFICATIONS AND BUSINESS PRACTICES OF CROSSINGBRIDGE ADVISORS, LLC (THE “FIRM”). IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS ABOUT THE CONTENTS OF THIS BROCHURE, PLEASE CONTACT US AT (914) 741-1515. THE INFORMATION IN THIS BROCHURE HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED OR VERIFIED BY THE U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (“SEC”) OR ANY STATE SECURITIES AUTHORITY.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT CROSSINGBRIDGE ADVISORS, LLC IS ALSO AVAILABLE ON THE SEC’S WEBSITE AT WWW.ADVISERINFO.SEC.GOV.

CROSSINGBRIDGE ADVISORS, LLC IS REGISTERED WITH THE SEC AS AN INVESTMENT ADVISER. REGISTRATION DOES NOT IMPLY A CERTAIN LEVEL OF SKILL OR TRAINING.

The Date of this Brochure is April 8, 2024

The delivery of this Brochure at any time does not imply that the information contained herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date shown above. This Brochure will supersede all other documents containing information about our firm.

Item 2. Material Changes to Brochure

This is the initial Brochure prepared by CrossingBridge Advisors, LLC. In the future, this section will contain a description of the material changes from the Firm's most recent Brochure.

Clients and potential clients are encouraged to read this Brochure in its entirety.

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Item 4. Advisory Business:

Operational and Organizational Information: CrossingBridge Advisors, LLC (the “Firm”) is a limited liability company organized under the laws of the State of Delaware. The Firm has two affiliates, Cohanzick Management, LLC (“Cohanzick”), a registered investment adviser and Cohanzick Capital, L.P., which serves as the general partner to a private investment fund. As of August 11, 2022, the Firm is a wholly owned subsidiary of ENDI Corp., a public reporting company. The Firm recently purchased the advisory business of Cohanzick and is in the process of assuming Cohanzick’s advisory relationships with the consent of Cohanzick’s clients. The Firm was established on December 23, 2016. As stated on the cover page of this Brochure, registration as an investment adviser does not imply a level of skill or training.

Types of Advisory Services Offered: The Firm provides investment management services to separately managed accounts (which may include private investment vehicles through third-party investment management agreements) (“SMA clients”). The Firm is also the Adviser to the four Mutual Funds (defined below), one ETF, one UCITS Fund as well as the sub-adviser to three mutual fund (together, the “Funds”), as further described below. The Firm focuses primarily on fixed income and equity investments related to credit analysis, fundamental value, event-driven, special situations and distressed strategies.

Note: For purposes of the remainder of this Brochure, “client” may include SMA clients and the Funds.

Client Investment Guidelines and Parameters: The Firm provides discretionary investment advisory services to all fee paying clients’ accounts. Advisory services may include, among other things, the selection of investments and asset allocation. Decisions relating to investment advice are based on analysis, portfolio construction, financial market conditions and on the investment guidelines and restrictions of the client.

Each SMA client has a privately negotiated investment strategy based upon the objectives and needs of the individual client, and each account is managed in accordance with those objectives and needs.

Each Fund has an investment objective and a set of investment policies and/or guidelines that the Firm must follow. For this reason, the Firm cannot tailor the investment advisory services the Firm provides to the Funds to meet individual investor needs. In addition, the Firm cannot impose individual investment restrictions on the investment strategies for underlying investors in the pooled investment vehicles. Each Fund’s confidential offering memorandum sets forth that Fund’s particular investment guidelines and parameters.

The Firm acts as adviser to four mutual funds, the CrossingBridge Low Duration High Yield Fund, the CrossingBridge Responsible Credit Fund, the CrossingBridge Ultra-Short Duration Fund, the RiverPark Strategic Income Fund and one ETF, the CrossingBridge Pre-Merger SPAC Fund. The Firm acts as Investment Manager to one UCITS Fund, the CrossingBridge Low Duration High Income Fund. The Firm acts as sub-adviser to three mutual funds, the RiverPark Short Term High Yield Fund, Destinations Low Duration Fixed Income Fund and the Destinations Global Fixed Income Opportunities Fund (the “Mutual Funds”). In this capacity, the Firm serves as a portfolio manager and implements investment and portfolio decisions according to each respective Funds’ guidelines. Shareholders of the Funds should read the respective prospectuses to become familiar with the terms and conditions of their investment.

Wrap Fee Programs: The Firm does not participate in wrap fee programs.

Client Assets Under Management: (rounded to the nearest \$100,000)

- i. Discretionary: \$2,780,700,000 as of March 19, 2024.
- ii. Non-discretionary: \$ 0

Item 5. Fees and Compensation:

Generally: The Firm provides investment advisory services for a fee. Fees are individually negotiated and may vary based on the type of account and the strategy that the account follows, among other things. Circumstances considered when negotiating fees may include, without limitation, customary market rates, specialized guidelines, and other performance/incentive fee arrangements with the client. Management fees are calculated based on an annual percentage of the value of the assets under management. Please refer to the respective investment advisory agreement, Mutual Fund prospectus and advisory agreement or Fund offering materials for further information on how the Firm charges and collects fees and expenses that are charged to a particular client.

In addition, the Firm may collect performance/incentive fees based on the performance of investments. Please refer to Item 6, below, for a more detailed description of performance/incentive fees and related conflicts of interest.

Payment of Fees: Pursuant to a SMA client's investment management agreement, annual advisory fees charged are based on assets under management and are generally paid quarterly in advance or in arrears; however, accounts may be set up which are billed monthly. All fees and account minimums are negotiable. In general, SMA clients pay an annualized asset-based fee ranging from 0.20% to 1.0% of assets under management based on the size and nature of the account, the type of management services provided and the relationship with the client.

In connection with its services to the Funds, in general, the Firm shall receive a management fee, payable quarterly, in an amount equal to a percentage of the net asset values of the capital accounts or shares of each investor at the beginning of each quarter, before the deduction of fees. A pro rata management fee will be charged to investors admitted to the Funds during any quarter. This is only a representative fee schedule, and the Firm may receive a higher or lower management fee for advisory services provided to the Funds and may receive such fees on a monthly basis. Investors in a Fund should review the Fund's offering documents to become familiar with the terms and conditions of their investment. If a Fund managed by the Firm or an affiliate of the Firm invests in another Fund managed by the Firm or an affiliate of the Firm, the value of that investment will be deducted from the calculation of the management fee for that Fund.

Regarding services to RiverPark, the Firm shares RiverPark's stated investment management fee of 0.65% with RiverPark Advisors LLC. Since RiverPark has a total expense cap, the Firm may not earn the full management fee. Further, the Firm and/or RiverPark Advisors, LLC may not only forgo the management fee but also may provide capital to support the venture. Fees are typically charged as a percentage of assets under management. While this fee is expressed as an annual percentage, it is generally calculated based on the daily average market value of the Fund's securities portfolio held during the month.

Regarding services to the CrossingBridge advised Mutual Funds, the Firm receives an investment management fee of 0.65%. Since all the Mutual Funds have a total expense cap, the Firm may not earn the full management fee. Further, the Firm may not only forgo the management fee but also may provide capital to support the Mutual Funds. Fees are typically charged as a percentage of assets under management. While this fee is expressed as an annual percentage, it is generally calculated based on the daily average market value of the Mutual Fund's securities portfolio held during the month.

Regarding services to Destinations, the Firm receives an investment management fee of 0.325% for the Destinations Global Fixed Income Opportunities Fund and an investment management fee of 0.275% for the Destinations Low Duration Fixed Income Fund. While this fee is expressed as an annual percentage, it is generally calculated based on the daily average market value of the Fund's securities portfolio held during the month.

Additional Fees and Expenses: On a case by case basis, the Firm may charge a client a fixed fee for services rendered. An example of a fixed fee charged may be for monitoring a portfolio or a project oriented task. Currently the Firm has no clients utilizing this fee structure.

Clients will incur brokerage and other transaction costs, including research expenses and legal fees. Clients should review carefully Item 12 which discusses conflicts of interest related to brokerage practices. Brokerage commissions and/or transaction ticket fees charged by the custodian will be billed directly to the client. The Firm will not receive any portion of such commissions or fees from the custodian or client. In addition, clients pay charges imposed directly by affiliated or unaffiliated mutual funds and exchange traded funds. Client assets invested in such affiliated or unaffiliated mutual funds and exchange traded funds may be subject to management fees and other expenses charged by such Funds. Such fees and expenses are exclusive of, and in addition to CrossingBridge's fees.

SMA clients will also bear any agreed upon expenses as set forth in the relevant investment management agreement.

Organizational Expenses: A Fund may, as disclosed in its offering memorandum, reimburse the Firm and/or its affiliates for all expenses related to the organization and initial offering expenses of a Fund, including, but not limited to, legal and accounting fees, printing and mailing expenses and government filing fees (including blue sky filing fees).

Operating Expenses: A client may pay or reimburse the Firm and its affiliates for: (i) all agreed upon operating expenses related to a client, such as tax preparation fees, governmental fees and taxes, administrator fees, communications with investors, and ongoing legal, accounting, auditing, bookkeeping, consulting and other professional fees and expenses; (ii) all client trading and investment related costs and expenses (e.g., brokerage commissions, margin interest, expenses related to short sales, custodial fees, clearing and settlement charges); and (iii) all fees and other expenses incurred in connection with the investigation, prosecution or defense of any claims, assertion of rights or pursuit of remedies, with respect to a client, including, without limitation, professional and other advisory and consulting expenses and travel expenses, and whether or not pursuant to bankruptcy or other legal proceedings, or participation in informal committees of creditors or other security holders of an issuer. Each Fund will ordinarily bear its own operating expenses as disclosed in the relevant offering memorandum.

Fees Paid in Advance: Clients typically pay management fees quarterly or monthly in advance, depending on the investment management agreement with such client, at the beginning of such period. A client will obtain a refund of any pre-paid management fee if the investment management agreement is terminated before the end of the billing period. The amount of the refund will be based on the number of days of the billing period that remain after the agreement is terminated.

Termination of Services: Termination terms are specified in the relevant offering documents or investment management agreement. In general, a client may terminate its investment management agreement by giving the Firm thirty days' prior written notice, or otherwise as the Firm may agree to in its sole discretion.

Additional Compensation of Supervised Persons: Regarding the Firm's clients, no supervised person/access person accepts compensation for the sale of securities or other

investment products, including asset-based sales charges or service fees from the sale of mutual funds.

Item 6. Performance Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management:

The Firm may be compensated for its investment management services to clients through an incentive fee (“Performance Fee”). The Firm’s Performance Fee arrangements and side-by-side management activities entail inherent conflicts in such arrangements.

Performance Fees will be structured, charged and are only available to qualified clients, in accordance with Rule 205-3 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, and any additional requirements of applicable law. A Performance Fee arrangement creates an incentive for the Firm to make investments that are riskier or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of a Performance Fee. The Firm may receive increased compensation with regard to unrealized appreciation as well as realized gains in the client’s account, depending on the specific time periods. Where any part of the Firm’s compensation is based in part on the unrealized appreciation of securities or instruments for which market quotations are not readily available, the Firm shall disclose how such securities or instruments will be valued and the extent to which the valuation will be determined independently. To the extent Firm values any such securities or instruments, it has a conflict of interest as the Firm will receive higher advisory fees, Performance Fees and/or Management Fees if it gives such securities and instruments a higher valuation.

The Firm does not represent that the amount of the Performance Fees or the manner of calculating the Performance Fees is consistent with other performance related fees charged by other investment advisers under the same or similar circumstances. The Performance Fees charged by the Firm may be higher or lower than the Performance Fees charged by other investment advisers for the same or similar services.

Additional information regarding Performance Fees is disclosed in the investment management agreements of SMA Clients. The Firm does not receive performance fees for investment management services to the Funds.

Side-by-Side Management

“Side-by-side management” refers to the Firm’s simultaneous management of multiple types of client accounts, investment products and strategies. For example, the Firm manages several Mutual Funds, SMAs and Funds through investment management agreements at the same time. The Firm’s clients have a variety of investment objectives, policies, strategies, limitations and restrictions. The Firm’s affiliates likewise manage a variety of separate accounts and pooled investment vehicles. *Please see Item 10 for more information on our affiliated investment advisers.*

Side-by-side management gives rise to a variety of potential and actual conflicts of interest for the Firm, its employees, and its supervised persons. For example, the Firm notes that some of its employees are also dual officers or employees of CrossingBridge (“dual officers”). These dual officers undertake investment management and trading services for CrossingBridge of which they are officers. The Firm notes that CrossingBridge and Cohanzick have adopted substantially similar compliance policies and procedures. *Please see Item 12 for an explanation of the Firm’s trading practices.*

Note that the Firm manages accounts consistent with applicable law, and the Firm follows procedures that are reasonably designed to treat clients fairly and to prevent any client or group of clients from being systematically favored or disadvantaged. For example, the Firm has a Trade Allocation/Aggregation and Directed Brokerage Policy which is designed and implemented to ensure that all clients are treated fairly and equally, and to prevent these conflicts from influencing the allocation of investment opportunities among clients. *Please see Item 12 for an explanation of the Firm’s trading and brokerage practices.*

Conflicts of Interest Relating to Accounts with Different Strategies

During the normal course of managing assets for multiple clients of varying types and asset levels, our portfolio managers (“Portfolio Managers”) may encounter conflicts of interest. Management of multiple Funds and accounts may create potential conflicts of interest relating to the allocation of investment opportunities, and the aggregation and allocation of client trades. Additionally, a Portfolio Manager may manage client accounts with varying fee structures. Portfolio Managers oversee the investment of various types of accounts in the same strategy, such as Mutual Funds, other Funds and SMAs. Investment decisions are applied to all accounts utilizing a particular strategy and model, taking into consideration client restrictions, instructions and individual needs. *Please see Item 12 of this Brochure for more information on the Firm’s brokerage practices.*

Conflicts of Interest Relating to Performance Based Fees When Engaging in Side-by-Side Management

The Firm may manage accounts that are charged a performance-based fee. The Firm has a financial incentive to favor accounts with performance-based fees because the Firm (and our employees and supervised persons) may have an opportunity to earn greater fees on such accounts as compared to client accounts without performance-based fees. Thus, the Firm has an incentive to direct the best investment ideas to client accounts that pay performance-based fees, and to allocate, aggregate or sequence trades in favor of such accounts. The Firm also has an incentive to give accounts with performance-based fees better execution and better brokerage commissions. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Firm has policies and procedures in place to avoid favoring accounts that pay Performance Fees. *Please see Item 12 of this Brochure for more information on our brokerage practices.*

Conflicts of Interest Relating to the Management of Multiple Client Accounts

The Firm and our affiliates perform investment advisory services for various clients. The Firm may give advice and take action in the performance of our duties with respect to any of the Firm’s other clients which may differ from the advice given, or the timing or nature of action taken, with respect to another client. The Firm has no obligation to purchase or sell for a client any security or other property which the Firm purchase or sell for our own account or for the account of any other client.

The Firm may give advice or take action in the performance of its duties with respect to any of its clients which may differ from the advice given, or the timing or nature of action taken by our affiliates on behalf of their clients.

Conflicts of Interest Relating to Accounts Investing in the same Portfolio Company

Conflicts may arise in cases where different Firm clients invest in different parts of an issuer’s capital structure, including circumstances in which one or more CrossingBridge clients may own private securities of an issuer and other CrossingBridge clients may own public securities of the same issuer. For example, a CrossingBridge client may acquire a loan assignment or fixed income security of a particular borrower in which one or more CrossingBridge clients have an equity investment. In negotiating the terms and conditions of any such investments, or any subsequent amendments, CrossingBridge may find that the interests of some clients may conflict with other CrossingBridge clients. If an issuer in which a CrossingBridge client and one or more other CrossingBridge clients hold different classes of securities (or other assets, instruments, obligations issued by such issuer) encounters financial problems, decisions over the terms of any workout may raise conflicts of interest (including conflicts over proposed waivers and amendments to debt covenants). For example, a debt holder may be better served by a liquidation of the issuer in which it may be paid in full, whereas an equity holder might prefer a reorganization that holds the potential to create or retain value for the equity holders. Further, investing in different parts of the capital structure may also result in a conflict between clients with regards to corporate events and

proxy voting. CrossingBridge clients that invest in different rankings within the capital structure may have different economic outcomes than originally expected.

Item 7. Types of Clients:

The Firm provides discretionary investment management advice to SMA clients, a UCITS Fund and the Firm serves as the adviser to the four Mutual Funds and one ETF and is the sub-adviser to three additional mutual funds.

Account Requirements and Investment Minimums. Each Mutual Fund executes a written agreement with the Firm, granting the Firm authority to manage its assets and setting out minimum and ongoing investment requirements.

An average investment of approximately \$5 million is typically required to open an SMA. However, the Firm may accept lesser amounts based on the particular circumstances of a prospective client. The Firm requires SMA clients to execute a written investment management agreement, granting the Firm authority to manage their assets. SMAs are subject to minimum account sizes which vary depending upon the strategy of the account.

Please refer to Item 5. Fees and Compensation for more information.

Item 8. Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss:

Methods of Analysis and Investment Strategies: The Firm and its investment advisory affiliates focus on investments related to credit-oriented, fundamental value, event-driven, special situations and distressed strategies. Examples of investments may include corporate bonds, municipal bonds, bank loans, convertible debt, preferred stock, equities, trade claims, options, warrants, interest rate and currency swaps and liquidating trusts.

The securities acquired by clients may include all types of debt obligations and may have varying terms with respect to collateralization, seniority or subordination, purchase price, convertibility, interest payment and maturity, but will consist primarily of public and private investment grade, non-investment grade and non-rated debt, convertible bonds, preferred stock, privately placed securities, bank loans, trade claims, liquidating trusts, assignments, options, swaps and any other securities with fixed-income characteristics, including, without limitation, debentures, notes, deferred interest, pay-in-kind or zero coupon, mortgage or other asset-backed instruments, equipment lease and trust certificates, commercial paper and government sovereign debt. The clients also may invest in the securities of foreign issuers and may invest in foreign currencies and foreign currency forward contracts to hedge their investments in such securities or for other reasons incidental to a clients' investments. Clients also may receive or invest in common or preferred stock, warrants to purchase common or preferred stock, and other equity interests. Additionally, clients may invest in distressed securities acquired in secondary market purchases and positions in selected classes of distressed securities and trade claims and also may originate loans to distressed debtors. Distressed securities may have been issued by companies ranging from those undergoing restructuring in a full-blown bankruptcy or attempting to restructure out of court, to those that are healthy but have short-term cash flow or liquidity problems. Clients may invest in such securities on a long or short basis.

Depending on the client's investment strategy, the majority of the client's assets may be invested in passive positions which should have greater investment liquidity, including without limitation, those that provide opportunities in capital structure and convertible arbitrage. However, as part of the investment program, clients may make investments in illiquid securities, including securities for which there is not a public market, and securities of privately-owned companies. In certain circumstances, a client may seek active participation in the management or control of a company. A client may have representation on creditors' committees, equity holders' committees or other groups to ensure preservation or enhancement of the particular client's positions as a creditor or equity holder. Such

representation may restrict the purchase or sale of such client's assets. In addition, if the Firm receives material non-public information, this may restrict a Client's ability to buy or sell an investment at a time when it might otherwise have done so.

The investment objectives of clients may also be to invest in high yield debt primarily to generate income and, secondarily, to take advantage of potential capital appreciation opportunities. Securities to be purchased may be publicly or privately traded and may include, but are not limited to, bank loans, corporate bonds, convertible bonds, and preferred stock. For such clients, the Firm's primary focus will be to purchase fixed income securities in which it believes the issuer will make timely interest and principal payments per the contractual obligations of the fixed income securities. The issuers of these fixed income securities will have, primarily, non-investment grade ratings.

For RiverPark Short Term High Yield Fund, the investment strategy focuses on short term high yield securities for which it believes credit ratings do not accurately reflect their issuer's ability to meet their short term credit obligations. RiverPark Short Term High Yield Fund seeks to make investments in fixed income securities of companies that have announced or, in the Firm's opinion, will announce a funding event, reorganization or other corporate event that they believe will have a positive impact on a company's ability to repay its debt. RiverPark Short Term High Yield Fund will invest in securities for which it perceives there is limited near term risk of default.

For the CrossingBridge Low Duration High Yield Fund the investment strategy focuses on purchasing high yield debt with an expected effective maturity of 3 years or less and a weighted average investment horizon of 0.75-2 years. Our goal is to limit credit risk and interest rate risk.

For the CrossingBridge Responsible Credit Fund the investment strategy focuses on seeking to achieve its investment objective by investing primarily in fixed income securities while actively managing interest rate and default risks. Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in fixed income securities that meet the Adviser's responsible investing criteria.

For the CrossingBridge Ultra-Short Duration Fund the investment strategy focuses on primarily investing in fixed income and fixed income-like securities consistent with capital preservation. Our goal is to limit both credit and interest rate risk while focusing on bottom-up investing opportunities. Under normal market conditions, the Fund will pursue a duration of 1 year or less.

For the RiverPark Strategic Income Fund the investment strategy focuses on constructing a bottom-up, diversified portfolio primarily in investment grade and high yield corporate debt, preferred stock, convertible bonds, bank loans, and income producing equities, with a target duration of 2.5 to 4. The Fund will allocate assets strategically into investment grade or other defensive securities during times where we believe spreads are narrow and attractively priced high yield opportunities are limited, and conversely, may invest all of its assets in high yield securities when spreads are wide and offer potential attractive returns. In both cases, CrossingBridge seeks to invest primarily in debt where the enterprise value of the issuer exceeds the value of the issuer's senior and equally ranked debt. The Fund may also make special situations investments in which a company is overleveraged, industry challenged, or faced with a company-specific issue.

For the CrossingBridge Pre-Merger SPAC ETF the investment strategy focuses on purchasing shares of common stock and units of SPACs that are trading at or below their pro rata share of the collateral trust account (i.e. trading at par value or at a discount), with the intent of disposing of the shares prior to, or at the time of, a business combination.

For the CrossingBridge Low Duration High Income UCITS Fund, the investment strategy is to seek high current income and capital appreciation consistent with the preservation of

capital. The CrossingBridge Low Duration High Income UCITS Fund is not open for investment by U.S. persons.

Investing in securities involves risk of loss that clients should be prepared to bear.

Risks Associated with the Firm's Investment Strategies:

General Risks. Each investment strategy the Firm offers invests in a variety of securities and employs a number of investment techniques that involve certain risks. Investments involve risk of loss that clients and investors in the Funds should be prepared to bear. The Firm does not guarantee or represent that the investment program will be successful. The Firm's past results are not necessarily indicative of future performance and our investment results may vary over time. The Firm cannot assure you that investments of your money will be profitable, and in fact, you could incur substantial losses. Your investments with the Firm are not a bank deposit and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency.

Allocation Risk. The asset classes in which the strategy seeks investment exposure can perform differently from each other at any given time (as well as over the long term), so the strategy will be affected by its allocation among the various asset classes. If the strategy favors exposure to an asset class during a period when that class underperforms, performance may be hurt.

Counterparty Creditworthiness. Under certain conditions, a counterparty to a transaction could default and the market for certain securities or financial instruments in which the counterparty deals may become illiquid.

Counterparty Risk. The risk that a counterparty fails to perform pursuant to the terms of their obligations.

Fixed-income Market Risk. The market value of a fixed-income security may decline due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic conditions, changes in the outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment generally. The fixed-income securities market can be susceptible to increases in volatility and decreases in liquidity. Liquidity can decline unpredictably in response to overall economic conditions or credit tightening. Increases in volatility and decreases in liquidity may be caused by a rise in interest rates (or the expectation of a rise in interest rates), which are at or near historic lows in the United States and in other countries. During periods of reduced market liquidity, the client accounts may not be able to readily sell fixed-income securities at prices at or near their perceived value. If the portfolio needed to sell large blocks of fixed-income securities to meet redemption requests or to raise cash, those sales could further reduce the prices of such securities. An unexpected increase in portfolio redemption requests, including requests from investors who may own a significant percentage of the portfolio, which may be triggered by market turmoil or an increase in interest rates, could cause the portfolio to sell its holdings at a loss or at undesirable prices and adversely affect the portfolio's price and increase the portfolio's liquidity risk, portfolio expenses and/or taxable distributions. Economic and other market developments can adversely affect fixed-income securities markets. Regulations and business practices, for example, have led some financial intermediaries to curtail their capacity to engage in trading (i.e., "market making") activities for certain fixed-income securities, which could have the potential to decrease liquidity and increase volatility in the fixed-income securities markets. Policy and legislative changes worldwide are affecting many aspects of financial regulation. The impact of these changes on the markets, and the practical implications for market participants, may not be fully known for some time.

Government Securities Risk. Not all obligations of the U.S. government's agencies and instrumentalities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Treasury. Some obligations are backed only by the credit of the issuing agency or instrumentality, and in

some cases there is some risk of default by the issuer. Any guarantee by the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities of a security held by the strategy does not apply to the market value of such security. A security backed by the U.S. Treasury or the full faith and credit of the United States is guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity. In addition, because many types of U.S. government securities trade actively outside the United States, their prices rise and fall as changes in global economic conditions affect the demand for these securities.

Interest Rate Risk. Prices of bonds and other fixed-income securities tend to move inversely with changes in interest rates. Typically, a rise in rates will adversely affect fixed rate fixed-income securities and, accordingly, will cause the value of investments in these securities to decline. During periods of very low interest rates, which occur from time to time due to market forces or actions of governments and/or their central banks, including the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in the U.S., bonds and other fixed income securities may be subject to a greater risk of principal decline from rising interest rates. Risks associated with rising interest rates are heightened given that interest rates in the United States and other countries are at or near historic lows. When interest rates fall, the values of already- issued fixed-income securities generally rise. However, when interest rates fall, investments in new securities may be at lower yields and reduced income. The magnitude of these fluctuations in the market price of fixed- income securities is generally greater for securities with longer effective maturities and durations because such instruments do not mature, reset interest rates or become callable for longer periods of time. Unlike investment grade bonds, however, the prices of high yield bonds may fluctuate unpredictably and not necessarily inversely with changes in interest rates. In addition, the rates on floating rate instruments adjust periodically with changes in market interest rates. Although these instruments are generally less sensitive to interest rate changes than fixed rate instruments, the value of floating rate loans and other floating rate securities may decline if their interest rates do not rise as quickly, or as much, as general interest rates.

Investment Strategy Risk. Each strategy's investment criteria may limit the number of investment opportunities available to the strategy, and, as a result, at times the strategy's returns may be lower than those of strategies that are not subject to such special investment considerations.

Issuer Risk. A security's market value may decline for a number of reasons which directly relate to the issuer, such as management performance, financial leverage and reduced demand for the issuer's products or services, or factors that affect the issuer's industry, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry.

Non-Diversification Risk. If a strategy is non-diversified, which means that the strategy may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. Therefore, the strategy's performance may be more vulnerable to changes in the market value of a single issuer or group of issuers and more susceptible to risks associated with a single economic, political or regulatory occurrence than a diversified strategy.

Risks Associated with Investments in High-Yield Securities: High-yield securities are generally not exchange traded. As a result, these instruments trade in a smaller secondary market than exchange-traded bonds. When paired with investments in bonds of issuers that do not have publicly traded equity securities, it is more difficult to hedge the risks associated with such investments. High-yield securities that are below investment grade or unrated face ongoing uncertainties and exposure to adverse business, financial or economic conditions which could lead to the issuer's inability to meet timely interest and principal payments. The market values of certain of these lower- rated and unrated debt securities tend to reflect individual corporate developments to a greater extent than do higher-rated securities, which react primarily to fluctuations in the general level of interest rates, and tend to be more sensitive to economic conditions than are higher-rated securities. Companies that issue such securities are often highly leveraged and may not have available to them more traditional methods of financing. It is possible that a major economic recession could severely disrupt

the market for such securities and may have an adverse impact on the value of such securities. In addition, it is possible that any such economic downturn could adversely affect the ability of the issuers of such securities to repay principal and pay interest thereon and increase the incidence of default of such securities.

Risks Associated with Investments in Distressed Securities: Investments in distressed securities may include securities of companies that are experiencing significant financial or business difficulties, including companies involved in bankruptcy or other reorganization and liquidation proceedings. Although investments in distressed securities may result in significant returns, they also involve a substantial degree of risk. Any one or all of the securities in which a client may invest may be unsuccessful or not show any return for a considerable period of time. The level of analytical sophistication, both financial and legal, necessary for successful investment in companies experiencing significant business and financial difficulties is unusually high. The value of the assets collateralizing the client's loans or the prospects for a successful reorganization or similar action may not be correctly evaluated by the Firm and/or its affiliates. In any reorganization or liquidation proceeding relating to a company in which a client invests, a client may lose its entire investment or may be required to accept cash or securities with a value less than the client's original investment. Under such circumstances, the returns generated from the client's investments may not result in adequate compensation for the risks assumed. In addition, there is no minimum credit standard that is a prerequisite to a client's investment in any instrument, and a significant portion of the obligations and preferred stock in which a client invests may be less than investment grade.

Risks Associated with Merger Arbitrage Transactions: A client may purchase securities at prices slightly below the anticipated value of the cash, securities or other consideration to be paid or exchanged for such securities in a proposed merger, exchange offer, tender offer or other similar transaction. Because the announcement of a proposed business combination or similar transaction may change the market conditions for stock of the acquirer and target companies, such purchase price may be substantially in excess of the market price of the securities prior to the announcement of the merger, exchange offer, tender offer or other similar transaction. The consummation of mergers, exchange offers, tender offers and other similar transactions can be prevented or delayed by a variety of factors including the intervention of a government regulatory agency, litigation brought by a shareholder or, in the case of a merger, the failure to receive the necessary shareholder approvals, market conditions resulting in material changes in securities prices, and other circumstances. If the proposed transaction subsequently is not consummated or is delayed, the market price of the security purchased by a client may decline sharply and result in losses to a client if such securities are sold at less than the purchase price. Although the Firm and/or its affiliates will generally seek to mitigate such risks, in certain transactions, the Fund may not be hedged against market fluctuations.

Short Selling: When deemed appropriate by the Firm, it will sell securities short on behalf of clients. Short selling involves the sale of a security that the client account does not own and must borrow in order to make delivery in the hope of purchasing the same security at a later date at a lower price. In order to make delivery to its purchaser, the client account must borrow securities from a third party lender. The client subsequently returns the borrowed securities to the lender by purchasing securities in the open market and delivering those securities to the lender. The client must generally pledge cash with the lender equal to the market price of the borrowed securities. This deposit may be increased or decreased in accordance with changes in the market price of the borrowed securities. During the period in which the securities are borrowed, the lender typically retains his right to receive interest and dividends accruing to the securities and the client is responsible for such payments. In some instances, the prime broker may also require the client to pay a fee on an ongoing basis to maintain the short position. The Firm's practice is to always confirm that it may borrow the specific securities from its prime broker before proceeding with a short sale.

Risks Associated with Leverage: While the Firm does not intend to incorporate leverage as part of its overall investment strategy for most clients, the Firm expects that clients will incur

indebtedness from time to time. Such leverage increases both the possibilities for profit and the risk of loss. Borrowings (and in some cases guarantees of performance of the client's obligations) will usually be from (or, in the case of guarantees, by) securities brokers and dealers and will typically be secured by the client's securities and other assets. Under certain circumstances, such a broker-dealer may demand an increase in the collateral that secures the client's obligations and if the client were unable to provide additional collateral, the broker-dealer could liquidate assets held in the account to satisfy the client's obligations to the broker-dealer. Liquidation in such manner could have extremely adverse consequences. In addition, the amount of the client's borrowings and the interest rates on those borrowings, which will fluctuate, will have a significant effect on the client's profitability.

Cyber Security Breaches and Identity Theft: Firm information and technology systems may be vulnerable to damage or interruption from computer viruses, network failures, computer and telecommunication failures, infiltration by unauthorized persons and security breaches, usage errors by its professionals, power outages and catastrophic events such as fires, tornadoes, floods, hurricanes and earthquakes. Although the Firm has implemented various measures to protect the confidentiality of its internal data and to manage risks relating to these types of events, if these systems are compromised, become inoperable for extended periods of time or cease to function properly, the Firm may have to make a significant investment to fix or replace them. The failure of these systems and/or of disaster recovery plans for any reason could cause significant interruptions in the Firm's operations and result in a failure to maintain the security, confidentiality or privacy of sensitive data, including personal information relating to investors (and the beneficial owners of investors). Such a failure could harm the Firm's reputation or subject it or its affiliates to legal claims and otherwise affect their business and financial performance. The Firm will seek to notify affected clients of any known cybersecurity incident that may pose substantial risk of exposing confidential personal data about such clients to unintended parties.

Security-Specific Risks: Please see the response to Item 8(B), above.

Item 9. Disciplinary Information:

The Firm is required to disclose all legal or disciplinary events that would be material to your evaluation of it or the integrity of its management. The Firm has no information applicable to this item.

Item 10. Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations:

Cohanzick, a securities affiliate of the Firm, was formed in July 1996. Cohanzick is currently winding down its operations and investment funds. Some employees and officers of the Firm also serve as employees and officers of Cohanzick. These dual officers undertake investment management and trading services for the Firm and for the affiliates of which they are officers. Cohanzick and the Firm have adopted substantially similar compliance policies and procedures and shall treat clients of either entity as if they were part of the same investment adviser for purposes of making investment decisions, allocation and aggregation, handling material non-public information, trading, and other compliance matters.

The Firm and its management persons are neither registered, nor do they have any applications pending, with a broker-dealer or registered representative of a broker-dealer.

The Firm and its management persons are neither registered, nor do they have any applications pending, as a Futures Commission Merchant (FCM), Commodity Pool Operator (CPO), Commodity Trading Advisor (CTA), or as an associated person of the foregoing.

The Firm is an affiliate of (i) Cohanzick, a registered investment adviser, and (ii) Cohanzick Capital LP, a sponsor of a pooled investment vehicle advised by Cohanzick.

The Firm ordinarily does not recommend or select other investment advisers for clients.

Item 11. Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions, and Personal Trading:

A copy of the code of ethics is available upon request to clients or prospective clients.

Code of Ethics: The Firm has adopted a written code of ethics (the “Code”) pursuant to Rule 204A-1 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (“Advisers Act”). The Code of Ethics is designed to ensure that the personal securities transactions, activities and interests of the employees and other supervised persons of the Firm will not interfere with (i) making decisions in the best interest of clients and (ii) implementing such decisions while, at the same time, allowing employees and other supervised persons to invest for their own accounts. Employee trading is limited and is monitored under the Code of Ethics.

The Code requires all personnel to (1) comply with all applicable laws and regulations; (2) observe all fiduciary duties and put the clients’ interests ahead of those of the Firm; (3) observe the Firm’s personal trading policies so as to avoid potential conflicts of interest; and (4) acknowledge receipt of the Code including an acknowledgment that those individuals who violate its contents are subject to sanctions or even termination.

The scope of the Code includes all key areas of activity, communication and behavior of employees and affiliates, such as:

- Personal trading
- Insider trading
- Compliance with applicable securities laws and regulations
- Conflict of interest
- Safeguarding information
- Confidentiality

Other Activities of the Firm and its Affiliates: Neither the Firm, nor any affiliate or employee, is required to manage client accounts as its sole and exclusive function. Each of them may engage in other business activities, including competing ventures and/or other unrelated employment. In addition to managing client accounts, the Firm, and its respective affiliates or employees may provide investment advice to other parties and may manage other accounts in the future.

Trade Error Policy: The Firm will apply best efforts to avoid trading errors. On those occasions when such an error does occur, the Firm endeavors to detect Trade Errors prior to settlement and correct them in an expeditious manner. When a possible trade error is detected, appropriate personnel will review the applicable transaction to determine if in fact a trade error did occur, the cause of the trade error, the effect of the trade error on the client(s) involved, and the appropriate resolution.

The Firm will endeavor to maintain a record of each trade error, including information about the trade and how such error was resolved.

Privacy Policy: The Firm will not disclose clients’ non-public personal information or that of any former clients to third parties other than affiliates and/or other third party firms that assist the Firm in providing advisory services and/or effecting client transactions (such as brokers, fund administrators, accounting support firms and compliance/operational support service providers). Additionally, the Firm’s disposal of non-public information shall be done in a secure manner.

Personal Trading: CrossingBridge and its affiliates may give advice and recommend the purchase or sale of securities and other financial instruments, or buy or sell such securities, and instruments for their own account or that of other clients, which advice or instruments may differ from advice given to, or instruments recommended or bought or sold for, the Funds, even though their investment objectives may be the same or similar. Potential conflicts of interest may arise in connection with the personal trading activities of CrossingBridge's employees.

Participation or Interest in Client Transactions:

Principal Transactions: "Principal transactions" typically occur when an adviser, acting as principal for its own account buys any security from or sells any security to any client. The Firm generally does not engage in principal transactions. However, subject to the consent requirements under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act") and as permitted under applicable law, the Firm may consider engaging in principal transactions.

Cross Transactions: The Firm may direct one client to sell securities or instruments to another client or affiliated client through a cross-transaction in which neither the Firm nor an affiliated person receives compensation. Any such transaction is consistent with our applicable policies and procedures.

Transactions in Same Securities:

The Firm or its affiliates may invest in the same securities that the Firm or its affiliates recommend to clients. When the Firm or an affiliate currently holds for its own benefit the same securities as a client, the Firm could be viewed as having a potential conflict of interest. For example, the Firm or our affiliate could be seen as harming the performance of the client's account for our own benefit if the Firm short sells the securities in our own account while holding the same securities long in the client account, causing the market value of the securities to move lower.

Direct Investments: CrossingBridge, its employees or their related persons may also invest directly in none, some or all of the Funds. Investments in the Funds made by such parties may not be subject to the asset or performance-based fees described above. The fact that CrossingBridge's partners and employees have financial ownership interests in the Funds also creates a potential conflict in that it could cause CrossingBridge to make different investment decisions than if such parties did not have such financial ownership interests.

In order to address these potential conflicts and in recognition of CrossingBridge's fiduciary obligations to its Advisory Clients and CrossingBridge's desire to maintain its high ethical standards, CrossingBridge has adopted a Code of Ethics containing provisions designed to: (i) prevent improper personal trading by CrossingBridge's "Access Persons"; (ii) prevent improper use of material, non-public information about securities recommendations made by CrossingBridge or securities holdings of the Funds; (iii) identify conflicts of interest; and (iv) provide a means to resolve any actual or potential conflict in favor of the Funds.

Item 12. Brokerage Practices:

Factors Considered in Selecting or Recommending Broker-Dealers: The Firm has a duty to obtain "best execution" of securities transactions for its clients. This means that in selecting brokers or dealers to execute transactions, the Firm will use prudent judgment to ensure that the total cost or proceeds of any transaction for a client is reasonable and recognizes that pure cost is only one factor in determining the most favorable obtainable under the circumstances.

The Firm seeks to execute portfolio transactions in a manner designed to obtain the best overall qualitative execution for clients under the prevailing circumstances. Our advisory

agreements generally grant the Firm discretion and authority to select broker-dealers and to negotiate spreads and other costs. The Firm typically effects transactions with broker-dealers acting as principals at prices which include markups or markdowns. In addition, the administrative agent of a loan/debt instrument can typically charge an assignment fee for a particular loan.

The Firm has no duty or obligation to seek in advance competitive bidding for the most favorable spreads or transaction costs applicable to any particular transaction but will endeavor to be aware of the current level of transaction costs and will seek to minimize the expenses incurred for effecting client transactions when possible.

On occasion the Firm may execute transactions directly with an issuer without transacting through a broker-dealer/agent bank if it is determined that doing so is in the best interest of the client.

The Firm and/or its affiliates on occasion may execute transactions with brokers who are investors in its Funds and/or Mutual Funds. This provides an inherent conflict of interest. The Firm manages this conflict of interest by following its best execution practices and reviewing brokers activity during its quarterly brokerage committee meetings

In evaluating whether a broker-dealer will provide “best execution,” the Firm considers various factors, which may vary but may include commission rates, reliability, financial responsibility, strength of the broker-dealer and ability of the broker-dealer to efficiently execute transactions, the broker-dealer’s facilities, and the broker-dealer’s provision or payment (or the rebate to the clients for payment) of the costs of research and other services or property which are of benefit to the clients, the Firm and related funds and accounts. The Firm may also select a broker based upon its ability to execute transactions in bonds. The Firm has the power to pay, or authorize the payment and reimbursement of, brokerage commissions that may be in excess of the lowest rates available that are paid to broker-dealers who execute transactions for the account of its clients and who (i) supply, or pay for (or rebate a portion of the clients’ brokerage commissions for payment of) the cost of, brokerage, research or execution services utilized by such client or other accounts to whom Firm or any of its affiliates provides investment services (“Other Accounts”), (ii) pay for (or rebate a portion of the clients’ brokerage commissions for the payment of) costs incurred by the Firm that it determines to benefit the clients and Other Accounts or the Firm in rendering services to the clients and Other Accounts, provided that the clients do not pay a rate of commissions in excess of what is competitively available from comparable brokerage firms for comparable services, taking into account various factors, including those factors specified above.

SMA clients shall bear brokerage costs as set forth in the relevant investment management agreement.

“Soft Dollar” Policy: In certain circumstances, the Firm will select brokers to execute trades for clients that provide certain “soft dollar” benefits to the Firm in exchange for client brokerage fees. Soft dollar benefits may include but are not limited to: (i) information services that report on the availability and potential buyers or sellers of securities; (ii) quantitative analytical software and other research-oriented software; (iii) research or fundamental analysis on individual companies, securities and/or sectors; (iv) bond analytics on fixed income portfolios, including duration, yield to maturity and convexity; (v) macro-economic research; (vi) global market news services and financial publications; and (vii) Securities quotation and data systems for capital markets.

In using research and related services from broker-dealers on a soft dollar basis, we are confronted with several inherent risks, including that we may choose a broker-dealer to execute trades that charges a higher commission than other possible broker-dealers. To manage and mitigate these risks, the Firm will limit its receipt of soft dollar benefits to those that meet the “safe harbor” under Section 28(e) of the Exchange Act – namely benefits relating to trading, research services, or seminars. The Firm’s compliance team monitors

compliance with our best execution obligations, applicable law and individual client guidelines with respect to our use of “soft dollars”, whether the product or service should be paid for in whole or in part with hard dollars; and whether the use of soft dollars to obtain the product or service requires additional disclosures to Clients.

Our use of brokerage commissions to obtain research services creates a conflict of interest between us, because clients pay in the form of higher commissions for products and services that are not exclusively for the benefit of such clients and may be primarily or exclusively for our benefit. To the extent that we are able to acquire these services without expending our own resources, our use of soft dollars would tend to increase our profitability. In addition, we do not limit soft dollar benefits to those client accounts generating such benefit, nor do we allocate soft dollar benefits to client accounts in proportion to the soft dollar credits the accounts generate.

For the sake of clarification, we use research to assist us in making our investment decisions, not just for those accounts whose commissions may be considered to have been used to pay for such research.

Brokerage for Client Referrals: The Firm does not currently directly or indirectly compensate any person for client referrals. However, the Firm reserves the right to pay a fee or commission, in its sole discretion, to brokers or other persons who introduce clients to the Firm, provided that any such fee or commission will be paid solely by the Firm or its affiliates and no portion thereof will be paid by clients. As a result, the Firm may have an incentive to select or recommend a broker based on the Firm’s interest in receiving client referrals rather than on clients’ interest in receiving most favorable execution. Because such referrals, if any, are likely to benefit the Firm but will provide an insignificant (if any) benefit to clients, the Firm will have a conflict of interest with clients when allocating client brokerage business to a broker who has referred investors to the Funds. The Firm will not allocate brokerage business to a referring broker unless the Firm determines in good faith that the commissions payable to such broker are not materially higher than those available from non-referring brokers offering services of substantially equal value.

Directed Brokerage:

- i. The Firm does not recommend, request, or require a client to direct the Firm to execute transactions through a specified broker-dealer.
- ii. The Firm does not permit a client to direct the Firm to execute transactions through a specified broker-dealer except, for an SMA client, if agreed to in the relevant investment management agreement. Clients directing brokerage may pay higher brokerage commissions because the Firm may not be able to aggregate orders to reduce transaction costs.

Aggregation of Orders: The Firm manages numerous clients with similar investment objectives. Additionally, the Firm manages clients with different objectives that trade in the same investments. Despite such similarities, investment decisions relating to the clients’ investments are made independent of each other in light of differing conditions and the Firm will not necessarily purchase or sell securities at the same time or in the same proportionate amounts for all eligible clients. Therefore, not all clients will necessarily participate in the same investment opportunity or participate on the same basis and the performance resulting from such decisions will differ from client to client. However, if the same investment decision is made for two or more clients within or across investment strategies, the Firm will seek to aggregate such transactions for the same security into a single “bunched” order to obtain best execution and/or price for participating clients. Each client account which participates in an aggregated order generally receives an average price with all transaction costs shared on a pro-rata basis.

The Firm aggregates transactions for its client accounts with its affiliate CrossingBridge. The price of the securities allocated to each Client participating in an aggregated trade will be the average price for all Clients participating in such trade. Commission costs are shared pro rata based on each Client's participation in the transaction. Other transaction costs depend on each Client's custodian.

Allocation of Trades: Clients following similar strategies may invest in many of the same investments. The Firm seeks to allocate investment opportunities among the clients on a fair and equitable basis over time, taking into consideration each client's investment restrictions and various other factors as noted below. When allocating investment opportunities the Firm is precluded from favoring any client or set of clients under this strategy over another, considering different fee structures as an incentive in allocating investment opportunities to a client or clients that have the potential to pay a larger fee, or recommending or causing a client to enter into transactions for the purpose of benefiting the direct or indirect securities holdings of the Firm or its affiliates or employees. When allocating investment opportunities, the Firm seeks to ascertain the amount of the asset available while keeping in mind each client's overall investment objective and cash availability. The Firm uses its best judgment in allocating investments among its clients. The Firm considers a wide range of factors in determining allocations of investments among clients, which may include, each client's available cash, investment objectives, limitations outlined in each client's offering materials and governing instruments, and certain position considerations such as concentration limitations and round lots. In addition, the Firm gives special consideration to its short term high yield strategy with regards to the purchase of called/redeemed paper.

The Firm's trade allocation policies and procedures allow for reallocation of certain trades after their initial allocation. As part of this reallocation process, the Firm follows its Trade Allocation Policy which states that the reallocation must be completed by one hour after the opening of the markets on the following day for which the markets are open.

Item 13. Review of Accounts:

All accounts managed by the Firm are reviewed on an ongoing basis, generally daily, weekly or monthly, by, or at the direction of, Mr. Sherman, CEO of the Firm, and Mr. Barkoe, CFO/CCO of the Firm, to assure conformity with client objectives and guidelines. In addition, all accounts are reviewed in light of emerging trends and developments as well as market volatility. The Firm may add internal staff or independent third parties to help supervise client accounts for compliance purposes.

The calendar is the main triggering factor of a review of an account, although more frequent reviews may also be triggered by changes in a client's circumstances, client request, or unusual market activity. Clients may be contacted periodically by the Firm to discuss the management and performance of their account, and clients may contact Firm periodically for the same.

SMA clients may have access to daily transactions and/or monthly statements. Further, SMA clients may receive trade confirmations from independent custodians. In addition, the Firm provides quarterly and/or monthly portfolio statements. From time to time, the Firm may also provide additional information upon an SMA client's request.

From time to time, the Firm may also provide additional information upon an investor's request.

RiverPark and Destinations maintain their own books and records. However, from time to time, the Firm may provide information related to portfolio composition and analysis to RiverPark and Destinations.

Item 14. Client Referrals and Other Compensation:

The Firm does not receive, from any non-client, any economic benefit associated with advising clients.

As stated above, the Firm reserves the right to pay a fee or commission, in its sole discretion, to brokers or other persons who introduce clients to the Firm, provided that any such fee or commission will be paid solely by the Firm or its affiliates and no portion thereof will be paid by clients. The Firm does not currently directly or indirectly compensate any person for client referrals. The Firm may use independent third party solicitors to refer clients and pay a portion of its advisory fees to such solicitors, in accordance with the Advisers Act and subject to a written agreement and disclosures. The Firm may engage underwriters, brokers, dealers or finders to assist in the offering of interests or shares in a Fund. Except for commissions on brokerage transactions (which will be paid by clients), the Firm will pay (and will not charge clients) fees and commissions that may be payable to any such brokers or finders for assisting in the offering or sale of interests or shares in a Fund.

Item 15. Custody:

The Firm will not have custody over other client funds or securities. All client funds and securities will be held at a broker-dealer, bank, or other qualified custodian. Clients should receive at least quarterly statements or links to their quarterly statements from the broker-dealer, bank, or other qualified custodian that holds and maintains clients' investment assets. Clients are urged to carefully review such statements and compare such official custodial records to the account statements that the Firm may provide to you. The Firm's statements may vary from custodial statements based on accounting procedures, reporting dates, or valuation methodologies of certain securities.

Item 16. Investment Discretion:

The Firm has discretionary investment authority over client assets that are managed by the Firm. Clients should review the investment guidelines described in Items 4 and 8 and refer to the applicable investment management agreement.

Item 17. Voting Client Securities – Proxy Policy:

The Firm understands and appreciates the importance of proxy voting. To the extent that the Firm has discretion to vote the proxies of its advisory clients, the Firm will vote any such proxies in the best interests of clients and investors (as applicable) in accordance with the policies outlined in the Firm's compliance manual. Clients can contact the Firm for additional details relating to the Firm's proxy policy.

The Firm's general policy is to not vote proxies on behalf of SMA clients, unless specifically negotiated and set forth in the individual investment management agreement. In the absence of such an agreement whereby the Firm does vote proxies, it is the responsibility of each such SMA client to vote all proxies for securities held in the account. SMA clients will receive proxies directly via their preferred delivery method, which is established at the time that an SMA client opens the account with the Firm. In the presence of an agreement by which the Firm is assigned proxy voting authority for an SMA client, the Firm will notify the custodian that the Firm is authorized to vote all proxies for securities in such SMA client's portfolio and instruct the custodian to forward to the Firm a copy of all proxies relating to shares held in the account. The Firm will vote all proxies in a prudent manner and solely in the interest of such SMA client. In addition, the Firm will not act upon notices pertaining to class actions, but will forward such notices to the SMA client. If a proxy is received after the termination of the advisory services by an SMA client, then the proxy will not be voted, but will be forwarded directly to the former SMA client.

When voting proxies, the Chief Compliance Officer and/or Portfolio Manager will determine which of CrossingBridge's clients hold the security to which the proxy relates and whether the client has its own specific voting guidelines;

The Portfolio Manager will review the proxy and determine how to vote the proxy in question in accordance with the guidelines set forth below.

Prior to voting any proxies, the Portfolio Manager and/or Chief Compliance Officer will determine if there are any conflicts of interest related to the proxy in question in accordance with the general

guidelines below. If a conflict is identified, the Chief Compliance Officer will make a determination (which may be in consultation with outside legal counsel) as to whether the conflict is material or not. If no material conflict is identified pursuant to these procedures, the Portfolio Manager will make a decision on how to vote the proxy in question in accordance with the guidelines set forth below.

The decisions on how the Portfolio Manager votes proxies will be available to clients upon written request to the Firm or the Chief Compliance Officer.

Voting Guidelines

In the absence of specific voting guidelines mandated by a particular Advisory Client, CrossingBridge will endeavor to vote proxies in the best interests of each Advisory Client. In some foreign markets where proxy voting demands fee payment for agent services, CrossingBridge will balance the cost and benefit of proxy voting and may give up the proxy voting if the cost associated is greater than the benefits from voting. Although voting certain proxies may be subject to the discretion of CrossingBridge, CrossingBridge is of the view that voting proxies in accordance with the following general guidelines is in the best interests of its Advisory Clients. CrossingBridge will generally vote in favor of routine corporate housekeeping proposals including, but not limited to, the following:

- election of directors (where there are no related corporate governance issues);
- selection or reappointment of auditors; or
- increasing or reclassification of common stock.

Item 18. Financial Information:

Registered investment advisors are required in this section to provide you with certain financial information or disclosures about their financial condition. The Firm has no financial commitment that impairs its ability to meet contractual and fiduciary commitments to clients and has not been the subject of a bankruptcy proceeding.

Item 19. Requirements for State-Registered Advisers: Not applicable.

FORM ADV PART 2B-BROCHURE SUPPLEMENT FOR SUPERVISED PERSONS

COVER PAGE FOR DAVID SHERMAN

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CROSSINGBRIDGE ADVISORS, LLC (SEC No. 801-110043)

This supplement provides information about David Sherman that supplements the CrossingBridge Advisors LLC (“Firm”) brochure (our “Brochure”). You should have received a copy of our Brochure. Please contact Jonathan Barkoe at (914) 741-1515 if you did not receive our Brochure or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

Additional information about Mr. Sherman is available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

The Date of this Brochure Supplement is

April 8, 2024

Item2.

Educational Background and Business Experience:

David Sherman, born 1965

Mr. Sherman is a founder and president of Firm, which commenced operations in April 2017. Under Mr. Sherman's oversight, Firm has managed accounts and funds for various clients utilizing investment programs substantially similar to those described herein. Currently, Mr. Sherman is the managing member of Cohanzick Management, LLC, a registered investment adviser. Previously, Mr. Sherman served as a Vice President of Leucadia National Corporation with primary responsibility for the oversight of Leucadia's insurance company portfolios and with responsibilities for other investments and acquisitions from August 1992 to August 1996. From January 1987 to August 1996, Mr. Sherman held various executive office and director positions at Leucadia subsidiaries. Mr. Sherman holds a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration from Washington University.

Item3.

Disciplinary Information:

Mr. Sherman (the "supervised person") has **not** been involved in any legal or disciplinary events material to a client's or prospective client's evaluation of him, as specified below:

- (A) A criminal or civil action in a domestic, foreign or military court of competent jurisdiction in which the supervised person:
1. Was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere ("no contest") to: (a) any felony; (b) a misdemeanor that involved investments or an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, or extortion; or (c) a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 2. Is the named subject of a pending criminal proceeding that involves an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, extortion, or a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 3. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment-related statute or regulation. **N/A**
 4. Was the subject of any order, judgment, or decree permanently or temporarily enjoining, or otherwise limiting, the Firm or a management person from engaging in any investment-related activity, or from violating any investment-related statute, rule, or order. **N/A**
- (B) An administrative proceeding before the SEC, any other federal regulatory agency, any state regulatory agency, or any foreign financial regulatory authority in which the supervised person:
1. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 2. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment-related statute or regulation and was the subject of an order by the agency or authority:

- (a) Denying, suspending, or revoking the authorization of the supervised person to act in an investment-related business. **N/A**
 - (b) Barring or suspending the supervised person's association with an investment-related business. **N/A**
 - (c) Otherwise significantly limiting the supervised person's investment-related activities. **N/A**
 - (d) Imposing a civil money penalty of more than \$2,500 on the supervised person. **N/A**
- (C) A self-regulatory organization (SRO) proceeding in which the supervised person:
- 1. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 - 2. Was found to have been involved in a violation of the SRO's rules and was: (i) barred or suspended from membership or from association with other members, or was expelled from membership; (ii) otherwise significantly limited from investment-related activities; or (iii) fined more than \$2,500. **N/A**
- (D) Any other proceeding in which a professional attainment, designation, or license of the supervised person was revoked or suspended because of a violation of rules relating to professional conduct. If the supervised person resigned (or otherwise relinquished his attainment, designation, or license) in anticipation of such a proceeding (and the adviser knows, or should have known, of such resignation or relinquishment), disclose the event. **N/A**

Item 4. Other Business Activities:

- (A) Mr. Sherman is the CEO of ENDI Corp., a publicly traded company as well as being the managing member of Cohanzick Management, LLC, a registered investment adviser. Aside from the aforementioned, Mr. Sherman is not actively engaged in any other investment-related business or occupation, including being registered or having an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer, registered representative of a broker-dealer, futures commission merchant ("FCM"), commodity pool operator ("CPO"), or commodity trading advisor ("CTA"), nor is he an associated person of an FCM, CPO, or CTA
- (B) Mr. Sherman is not actively engaged in any business or occupation for compensation not discussed in response to Item 4.(A), above, that provides a substantial source of his income or involves a substantial amount of his time.

Item 5.

Additional Compensation:

Mr. Sherman does not receive, from any non-client, any economic benefit associated with advising clients (such as sales awards and prizes, any bonus that is based on number or amount of sales, client referrals or new accounts {not including salary}).

ItemS. Supervision:

Mr. Sherman is the CEO of the Firm. As such, no other employee supervises or monitors his performance, activities or the advice he provides to clients, except that the Chief Compliance Officer monitors such performance, activities and advice with respect to compliance matters. Mr. Sherman understands that he owes a fiduciary duty to clients and therefore must serve the interests of clients with a high standard of care and diligence in accordance with Firm's internal policies and procedures. He recognizes that he must be particularly sensitive to situations in which the interests of a client may be in conflict, either directly or indirectly, with his own or those of Firm. Mr. Sherman takes his compliance obligations seriously. He may consult with Firm's external legal counsel or external compliance and operational support consultants (if any) as needed.

Item 7. Requirements for State-Registered Advisers: Not applicable

COVER PAGE FOR JONATHAN BARKOE

427 Bedford Road, Suite 220
Pleasantville, NY 10570

Tel. (914) 741-1515
Fax.(914) 206-4163

CROSSINGBRIDGE ADVISORS LLC (SEC No. 801-110043)

This supplement provides information about Jonathan Barkoe that supplements the CrossingBridge Advisors LLC (“Firm”) brochure (our “Brochure”). You should have received a copy of our Brochure. Please contact Mr. Barkoe at (914) 741-1515 if you did not receive our Brochure or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

Additional information about Mr. Barkoe is available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

The Date of this Brochure Supplement is

April 8, 2024

Item 2.

Educational Background and Business Experience:

Jonathan Barkoe, born 1973

Mr. Barkoe is the Chief Compliance Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Firm. Mr. Barkoe has been with the Firm since its inception in 2016. Mr. Barkoe is also Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance officer of Cohanzick Management, LLC a registered investment adviser and affiliate of the Firm. Prior to joining Firm and Cohanzick, Mr. Barkoe worked as a senior accountant at Raines & Fischer, LLP for nine years specializing in hedge funds. He graduated from Indiana University with a Bachelor of Science in Accounting in 1995 and received a master's degree in taxation from Baruch College in 1999. Also, in 1997, Mr. Barkoe became a Certified Public Accountant.

Item 3.

Disciplinary Information:

Mr. Barkoe (the "supervised person") has **not** been involved in any legal or disciplinary events material to a client's or prospective client's evaluation of him, as specified below:

- (A) A criminal or civil action in a domestic, foreign or military court of competent jurisdiction in which the supervised person:
1. Was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere {"no contest"} to: (a) any felony; (b) a misdemeanor that involved investments or an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, or extortion; or (c) a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 2. Is the named subject of a pending criminal proceeding that involves an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, extortion, or a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 3. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment- related statute or regulation. **N/A**
 4. Was the subject of any order, judgment, or decree permanently or temporarily enjoining, or otherwise limiting, the Firm or a management person from engaging in any investment-related activity, or from violating any investment-related statute, rule, or order. **N/A**
- (B) An administrative proceeding before the SEC, any other federal regulatory agency, any state regulatory agency, or any foreign financial regulatory authority in which the supervised person:
1. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 2. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment- related statute or regulation and was the subject of an order by the agency or authority:

- (a) Denying, suspending, or revoking the authorization of the supervised person to act in an investment-related business. **N/A**
 - (b) Barring or suspending the supervised person's association with an investment-related business. **N/A**
 - (c) Otherwise significantly limiting the supervised person's investment-related activities. **N/A**
 - (d) Imposing a civil money penalty of more than \$2,500 on the supervised person. **N/A**
- (C) A self-regulatory organization (SRO) proceeding in which the supervised person:
- 1. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 - 2. Was found to have been involved in a violation of the SRO's rules and was: (i) barred or suspended from membership or from association with other members, or was expelled from membership; (ii) otherwise significantly limited from investment-related activities; or (iii) fined more than \$2,500. **N/A**
- (D) Any other proceeding in which a professional attainment, designation, or license of the supervised person was revoked or suspended because of a violation of rules relating to professional conduct. If the supervised person resigned (or otherwise relinquished his attainment, designation, or license) in anticipation of such a proceeding (and the adviser knows, or should have known, of such resignation or relinquishment), disclose the event. **N/A**

Item 4. Other Business Activities:

- (A) Mr. Barkoe is not actively engaged in any other investment-related business or occupation other than being CFO/CCO of the Firm and Cohanzick, including being registered or having an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer, registered representative of a broker-dealer, futures commission merchant ("FCM"), commodity pool operator ("CPO"), or commodity trading advisor ("CTA"), nor is he an associated person of an FCM, CPO, or CTA.
- (B) Mr. Barkoe is not actively engaged in any business or occupation for compensation not discussed in response to Item 4.(A), above, that provides a substantial source of his income or involves a substantial amount of his time.

Item 5. Additional Compensation:

Mr. Barkoe does not receive, from any non-client, any economic benefit associated with advising clients (such as sales awards and prizes, any bonus that is based on number or amount of sales, client referrals or new accounts (not including salary)).

Item 6. Supervision:

As the Chief Compliance Officer of Firm, Mr. Barkoe is only supervised by David Sherman, the CEO of the Firm. Mr. Barkoe understands that he owes a fiduciary duty to clients and therefore must serve the interests of clients with a high standard of care and diligence in accordance with Firm's internal policies and procedures. He recognizes that he must be particularly sensitive to situations in which the interests of a client may be in conflict, either directly or indirectly, with his own or those of Firm. Mr. Barkoe takes his compliance obligations seriously. He, along with Mr. Sherman, may consult with Firm's external legal counsel or external compliance and operational support consultants (if any) as needed.

Item 7. Requirements for State-Registered Advisers: Not applicable

COVER PAGE FOR BRUCE FALBAUM

427 Bedford Road, Suite 220
Pleasantville, NY 10570

Tel. (914) 741-1515
Fax. (914) 206-4163

CROSSINGBRIDGE ADVISORS LLC (SEC No. 801-110043)

This supplement provides information about Bruce Falbaum that supplements the CrossingBridge Advisors LLC (“Firm”) brochure (our “Brochure”). You should have received a copy of our Brochure. Please contact Jonathan Barkoe at (914) 741-1515 if you did not receive our Brochure or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

Additional information about Mr. Falbaum is available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

The Date of this Brochure Supplement is

April 8, 2024

Item 2. Educational Background and Business Experience:

Bruce A. Falbaum, CFA, born 1964

Mr. Falbaum has been with the Firm since its Inception. Previously Mr. Falbaum was Principal & Dir. of Research with Cohanzick Management, LLC, Managing Partner and Portfolio Manager of Seven Bridges Management, LP, an even-driven fund, emphasizing high yield and distressed investments, that he founded, with seed capital from Ulysses Partners, LP, in 2004. From February 2003 through September 2004, Mr. Falbaum was Portfolio Manager - High Yield & Distressed Investments at Ulysses Management LLC. Prior to joining Ulysses, from 1996 to 2003, Mr. Falbaum rose to become a principal and Co-Director of Distressed Research at Halcyon Partnerships LLC, an event-driven hedge fund. From 1988 to 1996, he held various positions in the Private Placement Group of Prudential Insurance Company of America, including Vice President - Leverage Finance and Restructuring Group, Portfolio Manager for PRIVEST, a \$1 billion fixed income fund and Senior Associate- Leveraged Buyout Group, where he originated leveraged buyout investments and had responsibility for management of debt and equity investments exceeding \$1 billion. Mr. Falbaum received his BA in Economics and Public Policy from Duke University in 1986 and his M.B.A. from the University of Michigan in 1988.

Item 3. Disciplinary Information:

Mr. Falbaum (the “supervised person”) has *not* been involved in any legal or disciplinary events material to a client’s or prospective client’s evaluation of him, as specified below:

- (A) A criminal or civil action in a domestic, foreign or military court of competent jurisdiction in which the supervised person:
1. Was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere (“no contest”) to: (a) any felony; (b) a misdemeanor that involved investments or an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, or extortion; or (c) a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 2. Is the named subject of a pending criminal proceeding that involves an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, extortion, or a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 3. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment- related statute or regulation. **N/A**
 4. Was the subject of any order, judgment, or decree permanently or temporarily enjoining, or otherwise limiting, the Firm or a management person from engaging in any investment-related activity, or from violating any investment-related statute, rule, or order. **N/A**
- (B) An administrative proceeding before the SEC, any other federal regulatory agency, any state regulatory agency, or any foreign financial regulatory authority in which the supervised person:

1. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 2. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment- related statute or regulation and was the subject of an order by the agency or authority:
 - (a) Denying, suspending, or revoking the authorization of the supervised person to act in an investment-related business. **N/A**
 - (b) Barring or suspending the supervised person’s association with an investment-related business. **N/A**
 - (c) Otherwise significantly limiting the supervised person’s investment-related activities. **N/A**
 - (d) Imposing a civil money penalty of more than \$2,500 on the supervised person. **N/A**
- (C)** A self-regulatory organization (SRO) proceeding in which the supervised person:
1. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 2. Was found to have been involved in a violation of the SRO’s rules and was: (i) barred or suspended from membership or from association with other members, or was expelled from membership; (ii) otherwise significantly limited from investment- related activities; or (iii) fined more than \$2,500. **N/A**
- (D)** Any other proceeding in which a professional attainment, designation, or license of the supervised person was revoked or suspended because of a violation of rules relating to professional conduct. If the supervised person resigned (or otherwise relinquished his attainment, designation, or license) in anticipation of such a proceeding {and the adviser knows, or should have known, of such resignation or relinquishment), disclose the event. **N/A**

Item 4. Other Business Activities:

- (A)** Mr. Falbaum is not actively engaged in any other investment-related business or occupation, including being registered or having an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer, registered representative of a broker-dealer, futures commission merchant (“FCM”), commodity pool operator (“CPO”), or commodity trading advisor (“CTA”), nor is he an associated person of an FCM, CPO, or CTA.
- (B)** Mr. Falbaum is not actively engaged in any business or occupation for compensation not discussed in response to Item 4.(A), above, that provides a substantial source of his income or involves a substantial amount of his time.

Item 5. Additional Compensation:

Mr. Falbaum does not receive, from any non-client, any economic benefit associated with advising clients (such as sales awards and prizes, any bonus that is based on number or amount of sales, client referrals or new accounts (not including salary)).

Item 6. Supervision:

Mr. Falbaum is supervised by David Sherman, the CEO of CrossingBridge, in connection with investment analysis and trading decisions. In addition, Mr. Falbaum is supervised by Jonathan Barkoe, the firm's Chief Compliance Officer, in connection with compliance and investment guidelines.

Item 7. Requirements for State-Registered Advisers: Not applicable

COVER PAGE FOR MICHAEL DE KLER

427 Bedford Road, Suite 220
Pleasantville, NY 10570

Tel. (914) 741-1515
Fax. (914) 206-4163

CROSSINGBRIDGE ADVISORS LLC
(SEC No. 801-110043)

This supplement provides information about Michael De Kler that supplements the CrossingBridge Advisors LLC (“Firm”) brochure (our “Brochure”). You should have received a copy of our Brochure. Please contact Jonathan Barkoe at (914) 741-1515 if you did not receive our Brochure or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

Additional information about Mr. De Kler is available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

The Date of this Brochure Supplement is

April 8, 2024

Item 2. Educational Background and Business Experience:

Michael De Kler, born 1977

Mr. De Kler has been with the Firm since its inception. Previously Mr. De Kler worked as a research analyst and assistant portfolio manager with Cohanzick Management, LLC. Mr. De Kler graduated from Fairleigh Dickinson University, Magna Cum Laude, with a Bachelor of Science in Finance in 1999 and a Masters of Business Administration in 2001.

Item 3. Disciplinary Information:

Mr. De Kler (the “supervised person”) has ***not*** been involved in any legal or disciplinary events material to a client’s or prospective client’s evaluation of him, as specified below:

- (A)** A criminal or civil action in a domestic, foreign or military court of competent jurisdiction in which the supervised person:
1. Was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere (“no contest”) to: (a) any felony; (b) a misdemeanor that involved investments or an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, or extortion; or (c) a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 2. Is the named subject of a pending criminal proceeding that involves an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, extortion, or a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 3. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment- related statute or regulation. **N/A**
 4. Was the subject of any order, judgment, or decree permanently or temporarily enjoining, or otherwise limiting, the Firm or a management person from engaging in any investment-related activity, or from violating any investment-related statute, rule, or order. **N/A**
- (B)** An administrative proceeding before the SEC, any other federal regulatory agency, any state regulatory agency, or any foreign financial regulatory authority in which the supervised person:
1. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 2. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment- related statute or regulation and was the subject of an order by the agency or authority:
 - (a)** Denying, suspending, or revoking the authorization of the supervised person to act in an investment-related business. **N/A**

- (b) Barring or suspending the supervised person's association with an investment-related business. **N/A**
 - (c) Otherwise significantly limiting the supervised person's investment-related activities. **N/A**
 - (d) Imposing a civil money penalty of more than \$2,500 on the supervised person. **N/A**
- (C) A self-regulatory organization (SRO) proceeding in which the supervised person:
- 1. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 - 2. Was found to have been involved in a violation of the SRO's rules and was: (i) barred or suspended from membership or from association with other members, or was expelled from membership; (ii) otherwise significantly limited from investment-related activities; or (iii) fined more than \$2,500. **N/A**
- (D) Any other proceeding in which a professional attainment, designation, or license of the supervised person was revoked or suspended because of a violation of rules relating to professional conduct. If the supervised person resigned (or otherwise relinquished his attainment, designation, or license) in anticipation of such a proceeding (and the adviser knows, or should have known, of such resignation or relinquishment), disclose the event. **N/A**

Item 4. Other Business Activities:

- (A) Mr. De Kler is not actively engaged in any other investment-related business or occupation, including being registered or having an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer, registered representative of a broker-dealer, futures commission merchant ("FCM"), commodity pool operator ("CPO"), or commodity trading advisor ("CTA"), nor is he an associated person of an FCM, CPO, or CTA.
- (B) Mr. De Kler is not actively engaged in any business or occupation for compensation not discussed in response to Item 4.(A), above, that provides a substantial source of his income or involves a substantial amount of his time.

Item 5. Additional Compensation:

Mr. De Kler does not receive, from any non-client, any economic benefit associated with advising clients (such as sales awards and prizes, any bonus that is based on number or amount of sales, client referrals or new accounts (not including salary)).

Item 6. Supervision:

Mr. De Kler is supervised by David Sherman, the CEO of CrossingBridge, in connection with, among other items, the review and approval of new investment ideas. In addition, Mr. De Kler is supervised by Jonathan

Barkoe, the firm's Chief Compliance Officer, in connection with compliance and investment guidelines

Item 7. Requirements for State-Registered Advisers: Not applicable

COVER PAGE FOR STEVEN SHACHAT

427 Bedford Road, Suite 220
Pleasantville, NY 10570

Tel. (914) 741-1515
Fax. (914) 206-4163

CROSSINGBRIDGE ADVISORS LLC
(SEC No. 801-110043)

This supplement provides information about Steven Shachat that supplements the CrossingBridge Advisors LLC (“Firm”) brochure (our “Brochure”). You should have received a copy of our Brochure. Please contact **Jonathan Barkoe** at (914) 741-1515 if you did not receive our Brochure or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

Additional information about Mr. Shachat is available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

The Date of this Brochure Supplement is

April 8, 2024

Item 2.

Educational Background and Business Experience:

Steven Shachat, born in 1961

Mr. Shachat is a portfolio manager with the Firm. Before joining the Firm, Mr. Shachat was a portfolio manager with Cohanzick Management, LLC from February 2017. Prior to joining Cohanzick, Mr. Shachat was a Managing Director and Senior Portfolio Manager at Alpine Mutual Funds for 14 years where he managed over \$1 billion in assets. He managed the Alpine High Yield Managed Duration Municipal Fund, Alpine Ultra Short Municipal Bond Fund and the Alpine Municipal Money Market Fund. At Alpine, Mr. Shachat was responsible for the entire fixed income operation including portfolio investing, strategy, trading and overseeing research. Mr. Shachat was with Evergreen Mutual Funds for 13 years before he joined Alpine in 2002. As Senior Portfolio Manager at Evergreen, Mr. Shachat managed over \$6.5 billion in total assets with responsibility for seven municipal money market funds. He also managed two short-intermediate municipal bond funds and the fixed-income portion of the Evergreen Foundation Fund. Prior to his tenure with Evergreen, Mr. Shachat worked as a Portfolio Manager for Mitchell Hutchins Asset Management, managing the \$1.1 billion Paine Webber Tax Exempt Money Market Fund. He also assisted in managing the Paine Webber Municipal Bond Fund and the Paine Webber California Municipal Bond Fund. Mr. Shachat earned his bachelor's degree from Boston University.

Item 3.

Disciplinary Information:

Mr. Shachat (the "supervised person") has **not** been involved in any legal or disciplinary events material to a client's or prospective client's evaluation of him, as specified below:

- (A) A criminal or civil action in a domestic, foreign or military court of competent jurisdiction in which the supervised person:
1. Was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere ("no contest") to: (a) any felony; (b) a misdemeanor that involved investments or an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, or extortion; or (c) a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 2. Is the named subject of a pending criminal proceeding that involves an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, extortion, or a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 3. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment-related statute or regulation. **N/A**
 4. Was the subject of any order, judgment, or decree permanently or temporarily enjoining, or otherwise limiting, the Firm or a management person from engaging in any investment-related activity, or from violating any investment-related statute, rule, or order. **N/A**
- (B) An administrative proceeding before the SEC, any other federal regulatory agency, any state regulatory agency, or any foreign financial regulatory authority in which the supervised person:

1. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 2. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment-related statute or regulation and was the subject of an order by the agency or authority:
 - (a) Denying, suspending, or revoking the authorization of the supervised person to act in an investment-related business. **N/A**
 - (b) Barring or suspending the supervised person's association with an investment-related business. **N/A**
 - (c) Otherwise significantly limiting the supervised person's investment-related activities. **N/A**
 - (d) Imposing a civil money penalty of more than \$2,500 on the supervised person. **N/A**
- (C) A self-regulatory organization (SRO) proceeding in which the supervised person:
1. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 2. Was found to have been involved in a violation of the SRO's rules and was: (i) barred or suspended from membership or from association with other members, or was expelled from membership; (ii) otherwise significantly limited from investment-related activities; or (iii) fined more than \$2,500. **N/A**
- (D) Any other proceeding in which a professional attainment, designation, or license of the supervised person was revoked or suspended because of a violation of rules relating to professional conduct. If the supervised person resigned (or otherwise relinquished his attainment, designation, or license) in anticipation of such a proceeding {and the adviser knows, or should have known, of such resignation or relinquishment), disclose the event. **N/A**

Item 4. Other Business Activities:

- (A) Mr. Shachat is not actively engaged in any other investment-related business or occupation, including being registered or having an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer, registered representative of a broker-dealer, futures commission merchant ("FCM"), commodity pool operator ("CPO"), or commodity trading advisor ("CTA"), nor is he an associated person of an FCM, CPO, or CTA.
- (B) Mr. Shachat is not actively engaged in any business or occupation for compensation not discussed in response to Item 4.(A), above, that provides a substantial source of his income or involves a substantial amount of his time.

Item 5. Additional Compensation:

Mr. Shachat does not receive, from any non-client, any economic benefit associated with advising clients (such as sales awards and prizes, any bonus that is based on number or amount of sales, client referrals or new accounts (not including salary)).

Item 6. Supervision:

Mr. Shachat is supervised by David Sherman, the CEO of CrossingBridge, in connection with investment analysis and trading decisions. In addition, Mr. Shachat is supervised by Jonathan Barkoe, the firm's Chief Compliance Officer, in connection with compliance and investment guidelines.

Item 7. Requirements for State-Registered Advisers: Not applicable

COVER PAGE FOR JONATHAN BERG

427 Bedford Road, Suite 220
Pleasantville, NY 10570

Tel. (914) 741-1515
Fax. (914) 206-4163

CROSSINGBRIDGE ADVISORS, LLC (SEC No. 801-110043)

This supplement provides information about Jonathan Berg that supplements the CrossingBridge Advisors LLC (“Firm”) brochure (our “Brochure”). You should have received a copy of our Brochure. Please contact Jonathan Barkoe at (914) 741-1515 if you did not receive our Brochure or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

Additional information about Mr. Berg is available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

The Date of this Brochure Supplement is

April 8, 2024

Item 2. Educational Background and Business Experience:

Jonathan Berg, born 1970

Mr. Berg has been with the Firm since its inception. Mr. Berg was a research analyst and assistant portfolio manager with Cohanzick Management, LLC. Mr. Berg graduated from Duke University with a Bachelor of Arts in 1992.

Item 3. Disciplinary Information:

Mr. Berg (the “supervised person”) has **not** been involved in any legal or disciplinary events material to a client’s or prospective client’s evaluation of him, as specified below:

- (A)** A criminal or civil action in a domestic, foreign or military court of competent jurisdiction in which the supervised person:
1. Was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere (“no contest”) to: (a) any felony; (b) a misdemeanor that involved investments or an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, or extortion; or (c) a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 2. Is the named subject of a pending criminal proceeding that involves an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, extortion, or a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 3. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment- related statute or regulation. **N/A**
 4. Was the subject of any order, judgment, or decree permanently or temporarily enjoining, or otherwise limiting, the Firm or a management person from engaging in any investment-related activity, or from violating any investment-related statute, rule, or order. **N/A**
- (B)** An administrative proceeding before the SEC, any other federal regulatory agency, any state regulatory agency, or any foreign financial regulatory authority in which the supervised person:
1. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 2. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment- related statute or regulation and was the subject of an order by the agency or authority:
 - (a)** Denying, suspending, or revoking the authorization of the supervised person to act in an investment-related business. **N/A**

- (b) Barring or suspending the supervised person's association with an investment-related business. **N/A**
 - (c) Otherwise significantly limiting the supervised person's investment-related activities. **N/A**
 - (d) Imposing a civil money penalty of more than \$2,500 on the supervised person. **N/A**
- (C) A self-regulatory organization (SRO) proceeding in which the supervised person:
- 1. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 - 2. Was found to have been involved in a violation of the SRO's rules and was: (i) barred or suspended from membership or from association with other members, or was expelled from membership; (ii) otherwise significantly limited from investment-related activities; or (iii) fined more than \$2,500. **N/A**
- (D) Any other proceeding in which a professional attainment, designation, or license of the supervised person was revoked or suspended because of a violation of rules relating to professional conduct. If the supervised person resigned (or otherwise relinquished his attainment, designation, or license) in anticipation of such a proceeding (and the adviser knows, or should have known, of such resignation or relinquishment), disclose the event. **N/A**

Item 4. Other Business Activities:

- (A) Mr. Berg is not actively engaged in any other investment-related business or occupation, including being registered or having an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer, registered representative of a broker-dealer, futures commission merchant ("FCM"), commodity pool operator ("CPO"), or commodity trading advisor ("CTA"), nor is he an associated person of an FCM, CPO, or CTA.
- (B) Mr. Berg is not actively engaged in any business or occupation for compensation not discussed in response to Item 4.(A), above, that provides a substantial source of his income or involves a substantial amount of his time.

Item 5. Additional Compensation:

Mr. Berg does not receive, from any non-client, any economic benefit associated with advising clients (such as sales awards and prizes, any bonus that is based on number or amount of sales, client referrals or new accounts (not including salary)).

Item 6. Supervision:

Mr. Berg is supervised by David Sherman, the CEO of CrossignBridge, in connection with, among other items, the review and approval of new investment ideas. In addition, Mr. Berg is supervised by Jonathan Barkoe, the firm's Chief Compliance Officer, in connection with compliance and investment guidelines.

Item 7. Requirements for State-Registered Advisers: Not applicable

COVER PAGE FOR THOMAS KIRK WHITNEY

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Pleasantville, NY 10570

Tel. (914) 741-1515
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CROSSINGBRIDGE ADVISORS, LLC (SEC No. 801-110043)

This supplement provides information about Thomas Kirk Whitney that supplements the CrossingBridge Advisors LLC (“Firm”) brochure (our “Brochure”). You should have received a copy of our Brochure. Please contact Jonathan Barkoe at (914) 741-1515 if you did not receive our Brochure or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

Additional information about Mr. Whitney is available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

The Date of this Brochure Supplement is April 8,

2024

Item 2. Educational Background and Business Experience:

Thomas Kirk Whitney, CFA, born 1977

Mr. Whitney has been with the Firm since its inception. Mr. Whitney has 20+ years of experience having worked at Cohanzick Management, LLC, the Solaris Group, Concordia Advisors, Alliance Capital and Bloomberg. Mr. Whitney graduated from Pennsylvania State University with a Bachelor of Science in 1999.

Item 3. Disciplinary Information:

Mr. Whitney (the “supervised person”) has ***not*** been involved in any legal or disciplinary events material to a client’s or prospective client’s evaluation of him, as specified below:

- (E)** A criminal or civil action in a domestic, foreign or military court of competent jurisdiction in which the supervised person:
1. Was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere (“no contest”) to: (a) any felony; (b) a misdemeanor that involved investments or an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, or extortion; or (c) a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 2. Is the named subject of a pending criminal proceeding that involves an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, extortion, or a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 3. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment- related statute or regulation. **N/A**
 4. Was the subject of any order, judgment, or decree permanently or temporarily enjoining, or otherwise limiting, the Firm or a management person from engaging in any investment-related activity, or from violating any investment-related statute, rule, or order. **N/A**
- (F)** An administrative proceeding before the SEC, any other federal regulatory agency, any state regulatory agency, or any foreign financial regulatory authority in which the supervised person:
2. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 3. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment- related statute or regulation and was the subject of an order by the agency or authority:
 - (a)** Denying, suspending, or revoking the authorization of the supervised person to act in an investment-related business. **N/A**

- (b) Barring or suspending the supervised person's association with an investment-related business. **N/A**
 - (c) Otherwise significantly limiting the supervised person's investment-related activities. **N/A**
 - (d) Imposing a civil money penalty of more than \$2,500 on the supervised person. **N/A**
- (G) A self-regulatory organization (SRO) proceeding in which the supervised person:
- 4. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 - 2. Was found to have been involved in a violation of the SRO's rules and was: (i) barred or suspended from membership or from association with other members, or was expelled from membership; (ii) otherwise significantly limited from investment-related activities; or (iii) fined more than \$2,500. **N/A**
- (H) Any other proceeding in which a professional attainment, designation, or license of the supervised person was revoked or suspended because of a violation of rules relating to professional conduct. If the supervised person resigned (or otherwise relinquished his attainment, designation, or license) in anticipation of such a proceeding (and the adviser knows, or should have known, of such resignation or relinquishment), disclose the event. **N/A**

Item 4. Other Business Activities:

- (A) Mr. Whitney is not actively engaged in any other investment-related business or occupation, including being registered or having an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer, registered representative of a broker-dealer, futures commission merchant ("FCM"), commodity pool operator ("CPO"), or commodity trading advisor ("CTA"), nor is he an associated person of an FCM, CPO, or CTA.
- (B) Mr. Whitney is not actively engaged in any business or occupation for compensation not discussed in response to Item 4.(A), above, that provides a substantial source of his income or involves a substantial amount of his time.

Item 5. Additional Compensation:

Mr. Whitney does not receive, from any non-client, any economic benefit associated with advising clients (such as sales awards and prizes, any bonus that is based on number or amount of sales, client referrals or new accounts (not including salary)).

Item 6. Supervision:

Mr. Whitney is supervised by David Sherman, the CEO of CrossingBridge, in connection with, among other items, the review and approval of new investment ideas. In addition, Mr. Whitney is supervised by Jonathan Barkoe, the firm's Chief Compliance Officer, in connection with compliance and investment guidelines.

Item 7. Requirements for State-Registered Advisers: Not applicable

COVER PAGE FOR SPENCER ROLFE

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Pleasantville, NY 10570

Tel. (914) 741-1515
Fax. (914) 206-4163

CROSSINGBRIDGE ADVISORS, LLC (SEC No. 801-110043)

This supplement provides information about Spencer Rolfe that supplements the CrossingBridge Advisors LLC (“Firm”) brochure (our “Brochure”). You should have received a copy of our Brochure. Please contact Jonathan Barkoe at (914) 741-1515 if you did not receive our Brochure or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

Additional information about Mr. Rolfe is available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

The Date of this Brochure Supplement is

April 8, 2024

Item 2. Educational Background and Business Experience:

Spencer Rolfe, born 1993

Mr. Rolfe joined CrossingBridge in 2023. Mr. Rolfe has 6+ years of experience as a Managing Director at Corvid Peak Capital Management and an Analyst at Arena Investors, focusing on credit opportunities and special situations. Mr. Rolfe began his career at Cohanzick Management, LLC covering performing and distressed credit opportunities and equity special situations. Mr. Rolfe received his B.A. from the University of Missouri in 2017.

Item 3. Disciplinary Information:

Mr. Rolfe (the “supervised person”) has **not** been involved in any legal or disciplinary events material to a client’s or prospective client’s evaluation of him, as specified below:

- (I) A criminal or civil action in a domestic, foreign or military court of competent jurisdiction in which the supervised person:
5. Was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere (“no contest”) to: (a) any felony; (b) a misdemeanor that involved investments or an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, or extortion; or (c) a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 2. Is the named subject of a pending criminal proceeding that involves an investment-related business, fraud, false statements or omissions, wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, extortion, or a conspiracy to commit any of these offenses. **N/A**
 3. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment- related statute or regulation. **N/A**
 4. Was the subject of any order, judgment, or decree permanently or temporarily enjoining, or otherwise limiting, the Firm or a management person from engaging in any investment-related activity, or from violating any investment-related statute, rule, or order. **N/A**
- (J) An administrative proceeding before the SEC, any other federal regulatory agency, any state regulatory agency, or any foreign financial regulatory authority in which the supervised person:
6. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 7. Was found to have been involved in a violation of an investment- related statute or regulation and was the subject of an order by the agency or authority:
 - (a) Denying, suspending, or revoking the authorization of the supervised person to act in an investment-related business. **N/A**

- (b) Barring or suspending the supervised person's association with an investment-related business. **N/A**
 - (c) Otherwise significantly limiting the supervised person's investment-related activities. **N/A**
 - (d) Imposing a civil money penalty of more than \$2,500 on the supervised person. **N/A**
- (K) A self-regulatory organization (SRO) proceeding in which the supervised person:
- 8. Was found to have caused an investment-related business to lose its authorization to do business. **N/A**
 - 2. Was found to have been involved in a violation of the SRO's rules and was: (i) barred or suspended from membership or from association with other members, or was expelled from membership; (ii) otherwise significantly limited from investment-related activities; or (iii) fined more than \$2,500. **N/A**
- (L) Any other proceeding in which a professional attainment, designation, or license of the supervised person was revoked or suspended because of a violation of rules relating to professional conduct. If the supervised person resigned (or otherwise relinquished his attainment, designation, or license) in anticipation of such a proceeding (and the adviser knows, or should have known, of such resignation or relinquishment), disclose the event. **N/A**

Item 4. Other Business Activities:

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- (B) Mr. Rolfe is not actively engaged in any business or occupation for compensation not discussed in response to Item 4.(A), above, that provides a substantial source of his income or involves a substantial amount of his time.

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Mr. Rolfe does not receive, from any non-client, any economic benefit associated with advising clients (such as sales awards and prizes, any bonus that is based on number or amount of sales, client referrals or new accounts (not including salary)).

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